

**American Farmers & Ranchers
Oklahoma Farmers Union**



Policy Statement

*Adopted by the delegates to the
119th AFR State Convention
February 23-25, 2024*

2024 Policy Statement



American Farmers & Ranchers is a general farm organization, which has been representing family farmers, ranchers and rural Americans since 1905. It is the oldest and one of the largest general farm and rural organizations in Oklahoma, with members in all 77 counties.

With a broadly based farm, ranch and rural community membership, American Farmers & Ranchers is known as the “Voice of the Family Farmer and Rural America.”

The members themselves make our policy. They do this through a system of annual meetings. Local and county organizations send recommendations to the state level for policy committee review. The local and county organizations also send delegates to the annual state convention to approve our platform, which guides the organization’s actions.

This policy establishes the legislative direction of the organization and represents the diverse and complex interests of the people of rural Oklahoma. AFR strives to represent these issues in a non-partisan manner on a local, state and national level.

**AMERICAN FARMERS & RANCHERS
2024 PROPOSED POLICY POSITIONS**

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AMERICAN FARMERS & RANCHERS

PREAMBLE

We believe in this nation, under God, and for the great hope for eternal freedom, which it holds for humanity everywhere.

We re-affirm our convictions of the truth and the rightness of the ideals expressed in the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution of the United States and its Bill of Rights.

We pray our state and national leaders place national security and the preservation of our form of government as their foremost responsibility.

We support prudent policy and programs that will preserve the American system of family farms. Furthermore, we encourage all commodity groups and all farmers and ranchers to cooperate in formulating solutions and promoting sustainability.

Under our economic and political system, the family farm system of agriculture is the most productive and efficient in the world. Since the nation's beginning, family farmers and ranchers have brought forth from the soil new wealth in abundant production of food and fiber and even today agriculture remains the number one industry.

PURPOSE

The American Farmers & Ranchers' mission is to provide effective grassroots leadership for the enhancement and protection of farmers and ranchers, so their rural communities may thrive and prosper. Guided by its educational, cooperative and legislative principles, American Farmers & Ranchers is committed to work for the advancement of the quality of life for its membership and people everywhere.

We are also committed to providing a continuing, safe and stable supply of high-quality food and fiber for consumers.

We support the right of farmers and ranchers to engage in modern farming and ranching practices which shall be forever guaranteed in this state. No law shall be enacted which abridges the right of farmers and ranchers to employ agricultural technology, modern livestock production and ranching practices.

American Farmers & Ranchers makes a concerted effort to properly inform consumers, legislative leaders and members of Congress of the problems confronting farmers and ranchers.

American Farmers & Ranchers strives to make aggressive efforts at the national, state and local levels to educate farmers and the general public on the policy and issue positions of other organizations when the position will benefit family farmers, ranchers or our rural communities, and oppose those issues which would negatively impact them.

The role of the family agricultural producer must be that of leadership and stewardship in preserving our natural resources.

The farm and ranch family and its welfare, therefore, is the keystone of our policy. To ensure its continuation, we support a competitive market with fair price discovery.

These families have always been, and remain, the foremost stewards of this land. We have the responsibility to assure that this legacy, with its broad dispersion of land ownership, is passed on to our children and grandchildren.

1 **SPECIAL ORDERS OF BUSINESS**

2
3 **DISASTER RELIEF PROGRAMS**

4 We support an effort to give Farm Bill disaster relief programs permanent authority.

5
6 **LIVESTOCK ANTIBIOTICS**

7 We oppose FDA Guidance GFI 263 that restricts the use of commonly used livestock antibiotics
8 that were previously available over-the-counter.

9
10 **STATE TAXES**

11 We support no further reduction to state tax rates, as these reductions put undue strain on our
12 rural public school systems and increases the likelihood of additional ad valorem taxes.

13
14 **EDUCATION**

15 We support the Oklahoma State Legislature continuing to address the crisis in public education
16 funding. No public school should be funded at a lower per student rate than any charter school.

17
18 We support all public education-designated revenue from ad valorem taxation and any other
19 common local, state, or federal government funding remaining in the public school system and
20 not being transferred by voucher or any other method.

21
22 **HEALTHCARE & HUMAN SERVICES**

23 We believe Oklahoma should make increased access to healthcare in rural areas a priority and
24 work to preserve rural hospitals. We recommend reopening any structurally viable rural hospitals
25 that are currently closed.

26
27 We support state and federal legislation to reduce the cost of medical and mental health care and
28 prescription drugs.

29
30 We oppose the closing of Oklahoma's Department of Human Services (DHS) county offices.

31
32 **IMMIGRATION**

33 We support the enforcement of current federal immigration laws.

34
35 **FARM LABOR**

36 We support modernizing the federal H-2A visa program in an effort to safeguard the American
37 agriculture industry, which currently lacks a stable legal workforce.

38
39 **RIGHT TO REPAIR**

40 We support farmers and ranchers having the right to repair their own equipment and/or cause to
41 be repaired through third-party non-manufacturers. We support increased access to service
42 manuals, product guides, on-board diagnostics and other information to identify and repair
43 machinery, parts and software.

44
45 We oppose the further consolidation of farm machinery dealerships and branded repair facilities.

46
47 **ANTITRUST ENFORCEMENT**

48 We demand enforcement of the Packers and Stockyards Act, the Sherman Antitrust Act, and the
49 Clayton Antitrust Acts, specifically in regard to the antitrust issues surrounding the packing
50 segment of the beef industry in the United States.

1 **TRUTH IN LABELING STANDARDS**

2 We demand the USDA enforce truth in labeling. We oppose the use of food product labeling that
3 misleads consumers. To qualify for “Product of USA” labeling, livestock and poultry must be
4 bred, born, fed, harvested and processed within the borders of the United States.
5

6 We support Congress establishing strict labeling restrictions on all lab-grown or plant-based
7 imitation meat and dairy, and such issues being regulated by the USDA.
8

9 **MANAGING FARM STRESS**

10 The stress load on Oklahoma’s farmers and ranchers is incredible. We support National Farmers
11 Union’s financial and emotional stress and crisis management efforts at both the state and
12 national levels partnering with other farm organizations.
13

14 **BROADBAND**

15 We support greater access to high-speed broadband internet in rural Oklahoma.
16

17 **FED CATTLE MARKETING**

18 We support an increase in the amount of the negotiated cash trade percentage as it relates to the
19 fed cattle market.
20

21 To address the issue of captive supply in the fed cattle industry, we recommend that no one of
22 the major four beef packing companies may purchase more than 25% of their weekly slaughter
23 needs from any one feeding entity.
24

25 We urge Congress to update and modernize the Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act to create
26 fairness and transparency in the marketplace.
27

28 **MARIJUANA INDUSTRY**

29 We recognize the production of medical marijuana is an evolving industry in Oklahoma. We
30 recommend continued attention be given to developing policies that protect Oklahoma’s rural
31 citizens, landowners and communities.
32

33 **AGRICULTURAL INPUT PRICES**

34 We support a federal anti-trust investigation regarding the drastic increase in the price of
35 agriculture fertilizer, chemicals and other agriculture inputs.
36

37 We support incentives and reduced regulations to encourage companies to produce agricultural
38 inputs within the United States.
39

40 **ODWC LAND PURCHASES**

41 We oppose the ODWC purchasing more land in the State of Oklahoma.
42

43 **LAND-USE RESTRICTIONS**

44 We are opposed to municipalities and counties imposing land-use restrictions outside city limits.
45

46 **EMINENT DOMAIN**

47 We oppose the purchasing of private property by eminent domain to satisfy an environmental
48 conservation goal, such as the plan laid out in the 30x30 conservation vision.
49
50
51

1 **ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION**

2 We support a producer’s voluntary application of technology, age verification and trace back
3 methods which can enhance producer profits. We support current non-electronic animal
4 identification methods. We oppose any mandatory electronic animal identification requirements,
5 whether mandated by state or federal authorities.

6

7 **INTEREST RATES**

8 In light of the heavy burden placed on farmers and ranchers due to increasing interest rates, we
9 support an interest subsidy program in the upcoming Farm Bill.

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COMMENDATIONS

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We commend National Farmers Union for their leadership and active role in the concentration and competition issues in agriculture, particularly in regard to the functionality of the fed cattle market. *(2022)*

We commend Oklahoma’s farmers and ranchers in their efforts to be good stewards of the land as they combat frequent droughts and other adverse weather conditions. *(2024)*

We commend our AFR Farm Stress Management team members who act as “farm stress first responders” for fellow producers throughout Oklahoma. *(2021, Amended 2022)*

We commend rural, often volunteer, firefighters who have tirelessly responded to untold numbers of fires and rescue operations. *(2022, Amended 2024)*

We commend the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Authority (OMMA) and the Oklahoma Bureau of Narcotics (OBN) for their efforts toward corralling and regulating Oklahoma’s medical marijuana industry to encourage the continued safety and security of Oklahoma’s citizens. *(2024)*

We commend the Oklahoma Conservation Commission for their continued success at removing polluted streams from the EPA 303(d) list of impaired waters. We also commend the OCC for their efforts toward reducing red cedar, musk thistle and feral hog infestations in Oklahoma. *(2017, Amended 2022)*

We commend law enforcement officers and other emergency personnel and thank them for their service. *(2016, Amended 2024)*

We honor and commend our U.S. veterans and military personnel and thank them for their selfless service to our country. *(2024)*

We commend all AFR/OFU members that actively volunteer their time to make the organization better for all membership. *(2023)*

We commend public educators for their dedication to Oklahoma’s children. *(2023)*

1 **FARM POLICY**

2
3 To establish a foundation for achieving our long-term goal of returning profitability to the
4 family farm system of agriculture and economic stability to rural areas, we recommend that the
5 following principles be incorporated within U.S. farm policy:
6

7 We oppose the use of embargoes and sanctions of agricultural goods, unless agriculture
8 producers are properly compensated.
9

10 We encourage the development of a farm program that is simplified and economically
11 beneficial for producers.
12

13 We encourage a farm program that takes into consideration the cost of production, as well
14 as the price of the commodities.
15

16 Farm programs and regulations should be finalized prior to the sowing/planting seasons
17 of all crops.
18

19 Commodity program payments should be delivered to participating farmers in a timely
20 fashion.
21

22 We support an effort to give Farm Bill disaster relief programs permanent authority.
23

24 County and district Farm Service Agency (FSA) / Natural Resources Conservation
25 Service (NRCS) committees should be granted authority in determining county and district
26 needs.
27

28 We support retention of the present historical formula (1910-1914 base) as a yardstick for
29 measuring farm costs and income compared to present day.
30

31 We support the administration of farm programs through elected community and county
32 farmer committees.
33

34 We oppose the closing of any FSA or NRCS county offices.
35

36 We support adequate federal participation in funding soil and water conservation
37 programs. Land diversion programs should not discourage long-term conservation and soil
38 building practices.
39

40 We support the school breakfast, lunch, farm-to-school and milk programs.
41

42 We support use and expansion of the Office of Food for Peace (PL 480) programs with
43 proper oversight of food commodities distributed.
44

45 We strongly believe that all food and fiber products imported into the United States must
46 comply with U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA) quality, safety and health standards.
47

48 We support indexing of commodity target prices to reflect cost of production and a
49 reasonable return.

1
2 Low interest loans and financial assistance should be available to family farmers and
3 ranchers to help them establish viable farming and ranching operations.
4

5 We support the farmers' right to update their proven yields and receive reflective farm
6 program benefits based on proven yields in lieu of FSA program yields.
7

8 We oppose payment limitations merely based on the size of the operation.
9

10 We support future farm policy that recognizes our geographical differences and provides
11 flexibility regardless of the agriculture operation whether crops or livestock.
12

13 We support the continuing of farm program payments to producers who graze-out their
14 grain rather than mechanically harvest their grain.
15

16 We support continuation of federal disaster programs for livestock and crop production.
17

18 While we believe in traditional program payments, in lieu of these we support an
19 enhancement of revenue assurance and crop insurance programs which encourages participation
20 by producers.
21

22 We support continuation of the following items without budget baseline, and if possible to
23 be included as part of the permanent budget baseline: Small watershed rehabilitation; agriculture
24 conservation easement programs; supplemental agricultural disaster assistance; livestock
25 indemnity payments; livestock forage disaster program; emergency assistance for livestock,
26 honeybees and farm-raised catfish; funding of pending rural development loan and grant
27 applications; value-added agricultural market development program grants and rural micro-
28 entrepreneur assistance program.
29

30 We support permanent disaster authority assistance programs that provide quick and
31 adequate compensation.
32

33 We support enhancing, improving and strengthening crop insurance programs, without
34 further program cuts, as a risk management tool for producers.
35

36 We support continued funding of the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), the
37 Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program
38 (CREP) and the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP); and capping CRP at 40
39 million acres and restoring the crop base after contract expiration.
40

41 We support establishment of a per acre payment on CRP which limits the payment to the
42 fair rental value.
43

44 Any cropland converted to grassland with a prior established crop base will have that base
45 protected until such time that the land is restored back to cropland use.
46

47 In the interest of good conservation practices and not destroying residue which would
48 encourage erosion, we support allowing producers to qualify for prevented planting for crop
49 insurance/Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) for acres in areas categorized as
50 severe drought.
51

1 We support Agriculture Conservation Easement Program – Agriculture Land Easement
2 (ACEP-ALE) contracts be allowed to qualify for livestock feed assistance in times of severe
3 drought to reduce the grazing pressure on enrolled lands which could cause erosion.
4

5 In an effort to better position the state of Oklahoma to assist farmers, ranchers and rural
6 communities in times of drought, we support a continued annual appropriation of at least three
7 million dollars into the Oklahoma Emergency Drought Fund, a continued annual appropriation
8 of at least three million dollars into the statewide conservation cost-share fund and a continued
9 annual appropriation of at least one million dollars into the Oklahoma Controlled Burn
10 Indemnity Fund to be capped at a reasonable amount.
11

12 We support higher emphasis on NRCS technical and financial assistance for EQIP
13 conversion to no-till and water conservation assistance, including pond clean-out and new
14 construction, and support FSA additional resources through the Emergency Conservation
15 Program for hooking up pasture taps, drilling wells, etc.
16

17 We support delivery of cost-share programs to the local level utilizing a network of
18 conservation districts’ non-federal employees.
19

20 We support restoration of funding for technical assistance at FSA and NRCS to help
21 effectively implement the farm bill.
22

23 We support more focus on EQIP conservation incentive contracts.
24

25 We support cost share programs to improve irrigation systems and other methods of water
26 conservation.
27

28 We support restoration of authority to allow producers to extend beyond 15-year direct or
29 guaranteed loan borrowing from FSA.
30

31 We support reducing the paperwork requirements for young farmers to comply with
32 beginning farmer and rancher development loans and grants programs.
33

34 We support the federal government using available technology to monitor crop production
35 around the world and report both quantity and quality to American producers in a timely manner.
36

37 We support efforts to maximize the amount of dollars appropriated in the farm bill for the
38 purpose of farm program payments to help farmers and ranchers.
39

40 We oppose concentration and vertical integration that is detrimental to the family farm and
41 ranch operation in agriculture, with the exception of producer-owned cooperatives.
42

43 In an effort to promote homeland security and food safety, we strongly support only
44 products “born, raised, slaughtered and processed” or “sprouted, grown, harvested and
45 processed” in this country to be eligible to receive a U.S. label including products sold at eating
46 establishments.
47

48 As “family farmer” is defined in this document, we support family farms and believe that
49 program benefits, such as FSA guaranteed and direct loans, should be directed to assist the
50 family operator.
51

1 Current county production information should be obtained from county agriculture
2 producers for use by farmer-elected county FSA committee members.

3
4 We support programs which educate the media on the function of agriculture.

5
6 We encourage the executive branch to make available to family farmers and ranchers any
7 funds appropriated for intended agricultural purposes by Congress.

8
9 We oppose the USDA selling government-held surplus commodity, which artificially
10 depresses the price received by producers.

11
12 We favor storage paid farmer-owned reserves not to exceed 25 percent of production.

13
14 Individuals holding warehouse receipts or scale tickets marked for storage will have
15 customer's priority in recovering their property when storage facilities file for bankruptcy.

16
17 Fixed land costs should be included as a cost of production in government calculations.

18
19 Land owned, leased or that receives funding from by foreign governments or persons not
20 citizens of the United States should not be eligible for any U.S. farm policy programs.

21
22 We support school lunch programs for children in K-12 grades. We encourage the
23 continued oversight of the federal school nutrition_program by Congress to reduce obesity,
24 consider the impact on local school budgets, caloric intake needs relative to student needs and
25 participation by students.

26
27 In an effort to reduce costs for farmers and ranchers and to give all agriculture producers an
28 affordable way to take part in any new environmental markets or incentives that may develop in
29 the private sector, we support the creation of a public sector ecosystems services credit
30 verification program at USDA NRCS that will be offered to farmers and ranchers as part of the
31 existing suite of voluntary and free technical assistance services already provided by that agency.

32
33 We support the existing farmer-elected county FSA committee system.

34
35 We encourage the increase in reference price for the Agriculture Risk (ARC) and Price
36 Loss Coverage (PLC) programs.

37
38 We support the Oklahoma Secretary of Agriculture having the ability to declare an
39 agricultural emergency. The Secretary declaring an agricultural drought emergency should cause
40 the Emergency Drought Commission to be convened, as opposed to the current schedule of
41 convening following a gubernatorial emergency declaration of drought.

42 43 44 45 **SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION**

46
47 We support utilization of cover crops in a no-till or minimum tillage system to promote soil
48 health benefits.

49
50 Final authority over required conservation practices should be vested in the local soil
51 conservation districts and the county Farm Service Agency (FSA) committee.

1 We support the continued appropriation of matching funds by the state to the Oklahoma
2 Conservation Commission for flood control rehabilitation.

3
4 We support the continuation of a state cost-share program for soil and water conservation
5 practices including increased funding for Eastern Red Cedar removal and invasive species
6 control.

7
8 We support the established state fund for the purpose of matching federal funds. We further
9 support state maintenance funds be administered by the Oklahoma Conservation Commission to
10 repair and maintain watershed structures constructed by the conservation districts for the purpose
11 of flood control within the boundaries of the state of Oklahoma. We support national efforts to
12 provide rehabilitation funds for watershed structures.

13
14 We urge continuation of soil conservation districts and FSA programs with full authority
15 residing in the farmer-elected county and community committees.

16
17 We support and encourage Congress to fund the small upstream flood control projects
18 administered by NRCS.

19
20 We oppose conservation program provisions which penalize or do not consider producers
21 for early adoption of stewardship practices.

22
23 We support and encourage the continued voluntary installation of best management
24 practices under the Clean Water Act (CWA) as it pertains to agricultural non-point sources of
25 pollution. Reasonable conservation compliance standards should be established by the local FSA
26 county committee and the local conservation district board based on the unique characteristics of
27 the soils in that county.

28
29 We oppose any and all efforts to redirect CWA Sec. 319 funds away from the Oklahoma
30 Conservation Commission.

31
32 We support any legislative efforts to solidify the position of the Oklahoma Conservation
33 Commission as the state agency that receives and administers CWA Sec. 319 funds.

34
35 We encourage the Oklahoma Congressional Delegation to pursue any and all action to hold
36 the water quality work of the Oklahoma Conservation Commission, local conservation districts
37 and the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA) NRCS in Oklahoma as a potential model for all states
38 to follow to address nonpoint source pollution through locally led, voluntary, cooperative
39 conservation instead of through regulations or lawsuits.

40
41
42
43 **COMPETITION AND FAIR MARKETS**

44
45 We support a competition title being included in the Farm Bill.

46
47 We support appropriate bonding requirements to ensure clean up by out-of-state and
48 foreign limited liability companies, corporations or partnerships, when working in Oklahoma.

1 Only the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry (ODAFF) should be charged
2 with the enforcement and administration of all rules and regulations pertaining to production
3 agriculture.
4

5 We support poultry, swine and other contract growers in their efforts to enhance their
6 bargaining and negotiating positions so they may negotiate fair and equitable contracts with
7 corporate processors and integrators.
8

9 We support farmers and ranchers having the right to repair their own equipment and cause
10 to be repaired through third-party non-manufacturers. We further support access to service
11 manuals, product guides, on-board diagnostics and other information to identify and repair
12 machinery, parts and software.
13

14 We support competition among agriculture suppliers and retailers and discourage territorial
15 monopolies. Equipment manufacturers should not prevent competition.
16

17 **MARKETING OF AG COMMODITIES**

18

19
20
21 We favor increased farmer-operator representation on exchange boards, specifically on
22 those committees responsible for rulemaking on agricultural commodity contracts.
23

24 We support keeping the oversight and authorization of the Commodity Futures Trade
25 Commission (CFTC) within the U.S. House and Senate Agriculture Committees, and believe that
26 the CFTC should:
27

- 28 1. Guard against insider trading by individuals or firms which possess foreknowledge of
29 significant price changes due to large market transactions.
30
- 31 2. Ensure an adequate number of delivery points for hedging participants; and
32
- 33 3. Monitor, with special vigilance, any market movements which indicate the deliberate
34 accumulation of excessive speculative positions and to exercise, when necessary,
35 those emergency powers granted by Congress.
36

37 Congress should investigate how the practice of short selling of commodities and futures
38 manipulation by major national or international grain and livestock companies adversely affects
39 the price farmers receive.
40

41 We support investigation and potential regulations concerning fair trade practices in all
42 commodity marketing exchanges.
43

44 We support sufficient bonding, federal insurance or other types of protection for persons
45 commercially engaged in trading stocks, bonds, financial instruments, livestock or crops.

46 We support the continuation of agricultural weights and measures activities by the
47 Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry (ODAFF).
48
49
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TRADE

Trade mitigation payments shall not be made to multi-national corporations or foreign entities.

We understand the issues related to balancing trade with other countries. The federal government should be supportive of the agriculture industry in regard to trade issues.

To facilitate the expedient delivery of commodities relative to trade opportunities, we support increased attention to maintenance of the waterways infrastructure and railways of the United States.

We support bilateral and multi-lateral fair-trade agreements, not free trade agreements, to stabilize international grain marketing and to expand agricultural exports.

We support continuing efforts to normalize trade relations with Cuba.

We support maintaining balanced trade with foreign countries and imposing tariffs on imports which disrupt domestic farm markets.

U.S. trade negotiators should consider human rights issues during negotiations on international trade.

We recognize that food and agriculture have unique characteristics that differentiate them from other sectors of the global economy. Because food is an integral part of human life, every nation should be afforded the right to establish and maintain their own domestic farm programs.

We favor appropriate action of equal value to counter lost markets caused by tariff and non-tariff trade barriers.

We support U.S. funding of the World Bank to the extent that it remains beneficial to the U.S. economy.

We oppose the forgiveness of any foreign debt, whether military or economic.

We urge protection against the loss of American jobs.

We support a proposal that all foreign aid be in the form of credits to be used to buy American goods and commodities.

We oppose export of fertilizer and other materials, including fuel, necessary for agricultural productions when a definite need for these materials is evident in this country.

We support the initiation of tariffs to ensure a stable food supply.

We oppose importation of duty-free renewable fuel.

We oppose any reduction of duties or tariffs on agricultural products imported to the United States.

1 Food safety legislation must include a substantial increase in the inspection of imported
2 food and feed products. The cost of inspection should come from fees on imports. All imported
3 food and feed products should be inspected.
4

5 To protect U.S. food safety standards and the availability of domestically produced
6 agricultural products, we oppose lowering any U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA) standard to
7 accommodate any foreign country's food and fiber import products.
8

9 All beef imports should be counted under the beef import quota system and the current beef
10 import cap should be maintained.
11

12 We oppose the importation of products from countries that do not accept the importation of
13 U.S. agricultural products.
14

15 We favor increasing the per capita income limitation for countries eligible to receive aid
16 under the Food for Peace Program (PL 480).
17

18 When possible, all U.S. military installations, government agencies and schools should be
19 required to use only food produced by American farmers and ranchers.
20

21 Contract sales for agriculture exports should be guaranteed.
22

23 We support exempting agriculture from trade sanctions. If embargoes or sanctions are
24 implemented, producers should be compensated for the loss of agricultural markets.
25

26 We oppose the establishment of the "department of trade" as a cabinet office.
27

28 We support the continued review of the United States Mexico Canada Agreement
29 (USMCA) and World Trade Organization (WTO) agreements. However, we strongly oppose any
30 efforts to restrict agriculture trade export efforts.
31

32 We support agriculture organization representatives be included early in the process when
33 considering future trade agreements, when agriculture products are involved.
34

35 We oppose the WTO and specific trade agreements having undue influence on U.S. farm
36 policy which conflicts with the sovereignty and laws of the citizens of the United States.
37

38 We support full congressional deliberation prior to the enactment of any trade agreement.
39
40
41

42 INSURANCE 43

44 Market conditions and competitive pricing will lead to innovation in developing solutions
45 to problems relating to multi-peril crop insurance and mitigation. Competitive pricing and risk-
46 based underwriting are essential to developing and maintaining a viable disaster insurance
47 market and should be originated and enforced at the state level.
48

49 Insurance legal liability minimum limits should be enforced and motor vehicle registration
50 and tags pulled if someone is not in compliance.
51

1 We encourage all drivers to take a safe driving course in order to receive additional
2 insurance policy discounts.

3
4 We support delivery of insurance services by full-time, stand-alone professionals.

5
6 We oppose mandatory workers' compensation being extended to family-size production
7 agricultural operations and small businesses.

8
9 We oppose frivolous lawsuits. If the court finds in favor of an insured defendant and the
10 case is found to be frivolous, we believe the plaintiff and/or their lawyer(s) should be made
11 responsible for defendant's costs.

12
13 We support legislation to strengthen and amend the current tort reform law. Injured parties
14 should be compensated only for the actual loss incurred, plus expenses of recovery.

15
16 Reasonable limits of liability exposure should be placed on corporate boards of directors
17 for actions of the corporation made without their prior knowledge or consent.

18
19 Reasonable limits of liability exposure should be placed on state, county and municipal
20 government.

21
22 We favor justifiable evidence of merit being presented to the court before filing a product
23 or malpractice liability lawsuit.

24
25 We favor the establishment of certain statutes of limitations pertaining to liability lawsuits,
26 not to exceed five years.

27
28 We favor legislation limiting liability of any individual to the extent of their contributory
29 negligence.

30
31 The AFR Mutual Insurance Company was originally established as Oklahoma Farmers
32 Union to serve its rural membership. We urge that when decisions must be made regarding
33 reduction of insurance services preference be given to rural insureds over metropolitan insureds.

34
35 We support nursing home facilities being required to carry liability insurance.

36
37 We support limits on liability for permitted agritourism activities.

38
39 We support the National Fire Protection Association Firewise Communities Program and
40 associated educational initiatives to property owners. We encourage the participation of
41 AFRMIC agents in the program which will result in reduced risks for company insureds.

42
43 We believe only AFR agents be permitted to sell a product underwritten by AFR
44 Insurance or its subsidiaries.

45
46
47
48 **A. CROP INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT**

49
50 We encourage increased investigation and prosecution of crop insurance fraud.

1 Because Oklahoma has increased loss ratios due to weather variances, we support an
2 artificially increased actual production history (APH). We oppose crop yields that should be
3 zeroed out being included in APH. We further oppose the requirement to harvest a crop that
4 should be a total loss due to the adverse financial threshold of the cost to harvest. The insurance
5 payment should be paid at the full APH and not paid at an adjustment.
6

7 We encourage a 30-day crop insurance payment window for all parties involved in a claim,
8 to start when the adjuster completes the claim. We further encourage a reasonable time limitation
9 for adjusters to complete claims.
10

11 We encourage increased premium assistance for producers who purchase higher levels of
12 coverage.
13

14 We support private vendors handling federal crop insurance.
15

16 We favor destruction by feral hogs be considered a peril in multi-peril crop insurance.
17

18 We oppose mandatory federal crop insurance as a requirement for participating in price
19 support programs.
20

21 We oppose any new restrictions on crop insurance related to livestock grazing.
22

23 We oppose any future insurance restrictions on broadcast wheat.
24

25 We encourage a review of current risk management regulations to complement each farm
26 bill.
27

28 We support crop insurance premium payments being due after average harvest dates.
29

30 We support the continued availability of the Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program
31 (NAP) for dual-purpose crops, grazing winter crops and grasslands.
32
33
34

35 EDUCATION AND SCHOOLS

36
37 We support public education. We support state funding of public education.
38

39 We strongly support leaving all agricultural education and FFA programs in
40 comprehensive high schools.
41

42 We strongly oppose the relocation of the Oklahoma Dept. of Career and Technology
43 Education headquarters from Stillwater.
44

45 We support an increase of funding in order to help retain key personnel at the OSU
46 Division of Agricultural Sciences and Natural Resources.
47

48 In an effort to increase the number of students earning their driver's license prior to high
49 school graduation, driver education courses in public schools should be reinstated and fully
50 funded on a school-by-school basis by an entity outside the public school system.
51

1 We support all public education-designated revenue from ad valorem taxation and any
2 other common local, state, or federal government funding remaining in the public school system.

3
4 We oppose tax credits and/or vouchers for private school education. We oppose any
5 increase to the tax credit for private school education and encourage the state to practice the
6 highest level of scrutiny of the public dollars going to private schools.

7
8 We oppose private school students participating in a public school district’s extracurricular
9 activities, such as athletics, FFA, FCCLA, etc.

10
11 We support the continued use of non-plant-based meat and dairy in school lunch programs.
12 We further support shifting Oklahoma’s public schools beef supply to locally sourced Oklahoma
13 beef.

14
15 We support adequate school security funding assistance with the help of state or federal
16 funding. We further support continual funding for at least one school resource officer or
17 increased security measures on each public school campus.

18
19 In order to avoid the consolidation of power, we support the continued public election of
20 the Oklahoma State Superintendent.

21
22 We support the state fulfilling their obligations to teachers receiving certification as
23 national board-certified teachers.

24
25 We support drivers training being available for all public school students.

26
27 We oppose attracting new business and industry with tax incentives which adversely affect
28 funding for education, unless “in lieu of” provisions are available for the impacted area from the
29 business or industry receiving incentives.

30
31 We support one credit hour of general agriculture be included as a high school graduation
32 requirement and a similar requirement in the curriculum at any Oklahoma land grant institution.

33
34 We favor voluntary Bible reading and prayer in our public schools.

35
36 School children should begin each day with the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag, including
37 the wording “under God.”

38
39 We support the continued separation of church and state, especially as it relates to schools
40 receiving public funds.

41
42 We believe K-12 students attending schools that receive public tax dollars should only be
43 permitted to use the restroom of their biological gender at birth.

44
45 We support education of all citizens on the proper care and protocol of the flag of the
46 United States of America.

47
48 Early childhood development should be a parental choice.

49
50 We urge our members to work to eliminate textbooks used in public schools that are anti-
51 American Constitution, anti-God and anti-family.

1 We support the study of creationism as a portion of the curriculum in public schools.

2
3 We encourage the use of more volunteer workers, such as senior citizens, parents and
4 retired business people, in local schools.

5
6 We favor school boards and administrators having flexibility in rewarding teachers of
7 excellence and discharging teachers with poor performance records, including those considered
8 as certified staff.

9
10 We ask the Oklahoma Legislature to pass legislation allowing local school districts to vote
11 by super majority an incentive millage of up to five mills for the betterment of education within
12 the school district, and that these monies be non-chargeable against existing or further school aid
13 formulas.

14
15 When local schools are required to provide foreign language, we propose it be state or
16 federally funded.

17
18 We support exercising all influence possible to avoid the use of false or misleading
19 textbooks on animal rights and/or environmental issues.

20
21 We support broad-based representation on the state textbook committee by a diverse group
22 of stakeholders.

23
24 We recognize the need for a closer active relationship between AFR and early childhood
25 agricultural education in Oklahoma. We endorse the Ag in the Classroom project as a way to
26 reach those students. We support building a relationship with Ag in the Classroom and
27 promoting their services throughout our programming across the state.

28
29 We support teaching animal welfare, as opposed to animal rights, through the Ag in the
30 Classroom program and other agricultural advocacy training.

31
32 We support educational instruction for children on nutritional values of food and balanced
33 meal selections and further encourage connecting children with where their food is grown.

34
35 The restrictions on daycare centers for preschoolers should not be so rigid that they prevent
36 neighbors and/or relatives cooperatively caring for children or the rights of parents to choose
37 daycare services.

38
39 We support Congress designating English as the official language of the United States and
40 the Oklahoma Legislature designating English as our state language.

41 We oppose distribution of contraceptives and abortion referrals in school health programs.

42
43 We believe the choice of AIDS education curriculum and materials should be controlled by
44 local school officials.

45
46 Rural areas of school districts should be adequately represented on all boards of education.

47
48 The State of Oklahoma must continue to expand its educational assistance to farmers who
49 are in financial difficulty and/or trying to establish a new career.

50

1 We support the Oklahoma Agricultural Leadership Program (OALP) and annual line-item
2 funding by the Oklahoma Legislature which is combined with private sector funding.
3

4 We respectfully request that the Oklahoma Legislature move very cautiously in funding,
5 making sure that all funding is “fair” to rural, as well as urban school districts.
6

7 We oppose consolidation of schools, forced or otherwise, dependent and independent, by
8 whatever means to meet arbitrary standards. Any assessments relative to consolidation should be
9 an equitable comparison of all relevant factors. We support voluntary consolidation and/or
10 innovative classroom approaches, providing incentives for such consolidations come from new
11 money.
12

13 We oppose consolidation of schools solely based on student enrollment.
14

15 We oppose mandated consolidation of administration.
16

17 We support patrons’ right to vote to annex or consolidate with another school district
18 voluntarily.
19

20 We support cooperative initiatives by small schools to improve efficiencies.
21

22 Small rural schools should be provided telecommunication service and cooperative
23 programs developed to provide a curriculum that meets the requirements for high school
24 graduation and college entrance.
25

26 We suggest our county organizations and/or members consider assisting local school
27 districts in purchasing distance learning equipment.
28

29 We support state-approved core curriculum in all private schools.
30

31 We support allowing schools to be given credit for average daily attendance of students
32 participating in virtual learning. However, we support the number of credits counting towards
33 graduation requirements from online instruction be totally at the discretion of the local school
34 board. We recognize the value of online learning for schools which may not be able to provide
35 certain advanced subjects.
36

37 We oppose state funding being sent to virtual charter schools.
38

39 We support a fully funded teacher mentorship program for public schools.
40

41 We support Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM) curriculum and programs
42 in public schools.
43

44 We support the Oklahoma career and technical education system as one of the best in this
45 nation for training, re-training and future employment of our youth and adults.
46

47 We support additional training for high school guidance/career counselors regarding trade
48 school education opportunities.
49

50 We support additional recruitment efforts to maintain an available pool of agriculture
51 education instructors to meet the demand resulting from anticipated retirements in future years.

1 We support the work of, and adequate funding for, the 4-H, FFA, FCCLA and AFR youth
2 programs. We will, therefore, actively oppose any attempt to curtail the activities of these
3 deserving groups.

4
5 We encourage including, as an academic requirement, entrepreneurial training for high
6 school students, such as the skills training demonstrated in agriculture education/FFA, 4-H clubs
7 and career and technical education programs.

8
9 We support the adequate funding of higher education institutions.

10
11 We oppose discrimination against career and technical education toward meeting
12 requirements of high school graduation and college entrance.

13
14 We strongly encourage a minimum of two appointees made by the Governor to the
15 Oklahoma Career and Technology Education Board have an agricultural background and/or
16 career and technical education programs background.

17
18 We support the Oklahoma Legislature continuing to fully fund mandated increases in
19 teachers' salaries or other educational expenditures.

20
21 We support adequate funding for research and development through land grant colleges
22 and universities.

23
24 We support following the constitutional requirement and state statute that a majority of the
25 members appointed by the Governor to the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and
26 Mechanical Colleges shall be farmers who are actually engaged in farming and/or livestock
27 growing as their principal business or occupation in earning a livelihood.

28
29 We oppose any new legislative or State Department of Education mandates without full
30 funding for such mandates.

31
32 We support a legislative review of the process and fees involved in public school bonds.

33
34 We support 4-H activities, approved by the county 4-H educator, to be counted as an
35 excused absence for attendance purposes. The student should be given the opportunity to make
36 up any missed work.

37 38 39 40 **PROPERTY RIGHTS**

41
42 Biological surveys, including the cataloging of plant and animal species, and water samples
43 should not be conducted on private property without prior written consent from the landowner.

44
45 Micro-management of watersheds and streams and new user fees that the U.S. Fish and
46 Wildlife Service (USFWS) is implementing should not infringe on a producer's ability to build
47 ponds and till soils, nor impact technical assistance to these producers by the Natural Resources
48 Conservation Service (NRCS).

49
50 We support state nuisance laws which provide rural residents with immunity from nuisance
51 claims for agricultural activities including marketing.

1
2 The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers should be restricted from writing arbitrary policies and
3 regulations that interfere with the private rights of citizens.

4
5 We are opposed to municipalities and counties imposing land-use restrictions outside city
6 limits.

7
8 We are opposed to the state and federal government owning, regulating or controlling
9 billboards.

10
11 Land acquired by condemnation under eminent domain statutes should have a settlement
12 value of not less than 100 percent of replacement costs for like property plus intangible damages.
13 We support mediation in eminent domain proceedings.

14
15 All necessary action should be taken to:

- 16
17 1. Preserve the water rights of the individual citizen and prevent further usurpation of
18 those rights,
- 19
20 2. To see that legislation is initiated and supported which recognizes the rights of
21 individuals from which water has been taken, and
- 22
23 3. Reaffirm, renew and defend the concepts that water rights are property rights, and
24 these established rights to the use of water by an individual should not be taken away
25 without due process of law and adequate compensation.

26
27 We support governmental financial compensation for protection of endangered habitats on
28 private land.

29
30 The threatened species designation and critical habitat determined by U.S. Dept. of the
31 Interior agencies (i.e. USFWS) for certain species could infringe upon the property rights of
32 agricultural producers and other landowners. The impacting agency must produce proven
33 scientific data indicating need, an economic impact statement and a benefit to cost ratio for the
34 action being taken before a designation determination becomes final.

35
36 All impacted public and private entities and individuals shall be compensated from the
37 budget of the impacting agency for actual annual losses as a result of the designation. Payments
38 shall be annualized immediately or prior to the loss.

39
40 We favor legislation that limits broad condemnation authority, in particular for private
41 business purposes.

42
43 We oppose the use of eminent domain to acquire land believed to be the habitat of
44 endangered species.

45
46 We oppose the use of eminent domain for the acquisition of lands for parks, recreation,
47 historical trails, and non-public utilities that are non-cooperatives. We further urge this type of
48 eminent domain question be handled by a state entity, rather than federal.

49
50 We oppose federal legislation that would enable the federal government to acquire land
51 outside the normal congressional appropriations process for use as outdoor recreation, historical

1 preservation, or environmental conservation. Congress should maintain control and oversight of
2 such programs in the interest of all citizens.

3
4 We urge clarification of federal and state statutes that would allow all railroad rights-of-
5 way resulting from reversionary easements to revert back to the present property owner if
6 abandoned. If the rights-of-way were purchased and then abandoned, the first right to purchase
7 the property should be offered to the current owner of the tract of land from which it was
8 originally separated.

9
10 We support adequate funding for an agricultural land trust or foundation for the
11 preservation of agriculture land use.

12
13 We support further education of property owners in setting terms relative to compensation
14 of easements or leases of surface or subsurface property rights. We further support development
15 of model leases relative to the activity.

16
17 We encourage the development of model contractual instruments which allow landowners
18 to receive annual payments for compensation of damages and royalties relative to continued
19 generation and/or transmission of energy instead of or in addition to a one-time easement
20 payment.

21
22 We support the right of surface owners to influence what occurs on their property,
23 including the use of third-party mediation when necessary.

24
25 When change in land use is proposed, the planning body should be required to notify, by
26 recognized notification procedures, the owners of adjacent land.

27
28 Trespass laws should be strengthened and enforced with more extensive fines and penalties
29 for repeat offenders and restitution for property damage should be pursued. Furthermore,
30 trespassing laws currently on the books should be enforced to the full extent. This enforcement
31 should include shores and sandbars of public waters, streams and rivers. We support additional
32 enforcement of trespassing laws dealing with the private land through which the waters flow.

33
34 Farmers and members of their immediate families (whether residing at home or not) should
35 be permitted to fish in ponds on their own lands and to hunt on those lands during regularly
36 posted hunting seasons, without licenses subject to special requirements.

37
38 We oppose any act which mandatorily restricts grazing of livestock in pastures where
39 running streams are located. We oppose requiring mandatory fencing of rivers, streams and
40 ponds.

41
42 We support owners of private property not being responsible or liable for any accident or
43 injury sustained by persons entering property without permission.

44
45 We support just compensation to farmers and ranchers who suffer economic losses as a
46 result of any state or federal agency ruling.

47
48 We support a landowner's right to keep and maintain a private, non-commercial dumpsite
49 for disposal of non-toxic materials.

50

1 We support a landowner's right to store equipment and vehicles on property used for
2 agricultural purposes without restriction.

3
4 We support a landowner's right to burn refuse on their land when located in a rural area in
5 compliance with state and county regulations.

6
7 We support the development of reasonable regulations for the use of unmanned aerial
8 vehicles (drones), while respecting and protecting the property and privacy rights of landowners.

9
10 With landowners' written permission, we support the use of unmanned aerial vehicles for
11 research purposes.

12
13 We support reimbursement of legal costs incurred by an agricultural producer or
14 agribusiness as a defendant in litigation involving their agriculture or agribusiness operation, if
15 the litigation is found to be frivolous or a nuisance action.

16
17 We support the ability for family agriculture to voluntarily contract with integrators in
18 order to maintain their family farm operation.

19
20 In reference to Article 22 Section 1 of the Oklahoma Constitution, we urgently demand
21 enforcement of existing law forbidding foreign ownership of Oklahoma real property.

22
23 We support legislation restricting investment and ownership or leasing of land and natural
24 resources by foreign nations and non-citizens.

25 26 27 28 UTILITIES

29
30 We recommend a standard minimum height of at least 17 feet for new utilities across
31 existing highways in the state of Oklahoma.

32
33 We support regulation that limits price gouging of the fuel source for utilities in times of
34 natural disasters and other relevant emergencies.

35
36 We favor a requirement that towers taller than 50 feet be visibly identified.

37
38 We support the use of some form of identification, such as tracer wires, for underground
39 utilities that cannot otherwise be easily located.

40 When utility location services are required by law, there should be a finite response time.

41
42 We favor that final authority for utility rate making remain with officials elected by the
43 people, namely the Oklahoma Corporation Commission. But, we oppose special rate treatment
44 by the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.

45
46 We support actions that encourage competition among electricity providers in instances
47 that do not jeopardize the rates or access of rural citizens.

48
49 We oppose unjustified rate increases and we support increased transparency as to the
50 justification of rate increases.

1 We oppose municipal utilities upcharging their customers. Individual municipalities should
2 not be able to charge significantly more than surrounding utility providers.

3
4 We support legislation to direct the Oklahoma Corporation Commission to regulate
5 telephone rates for Oklahoma in such a way that intrastate rates will be no more than comparable
6 to interstate rates.

7
8 We oppose the sale of federally owned hydroelectric plants that serve our cooperatives and
9 municipalities.

10
11 We support greater access to high-speed broadband internet in rural Oklahoma.

12
13 We support a consistent and transparent per-pole attachment fee to promote adequate
14 broadband service to rural Oklahoma.

15 16 17 18 **COMMUNICATIONS** 19

20 We support the people's right for quality, free television.

21
22 We support a joint effort among all agriculture groups in Oklahoma to create an
23 environment of transparency between producers and consumers, rural and urban, to maintain
24 confidence in our products and practices.

25
26 We support agriculture advocacy initiatives and communication efforts to promote
27 agriculture to the non-agriculture audience and to educate consumers, utilizing all available
28 methods, including social media, podcasts and other emerging technologies.

29
30 We support federally funded access to broadband (Internet) communication in rural areas.

31
32 We support the Oklahoma Broadband Office's efforts to provide affordable and accessible
33 high-speed internet to all rural Oklahomans. We encourage them to continue to hold internet
34 providers accountable regarding grant funds usage and coverage map reporting.

35
36 We urge the Oklahoma Broadband Office to investigate the accuracy of their online
37 Oklahoma Broadband Map and hold companies accountable to publish accurate upload and
38 download speeds.

39
40 We believe high-latency satellite internet should not be considered high-speed internet and
41 urge the federal government to increase the speed at which internet is considered "high speed."

42
43 We strongly support legislative efforts to secure access to programming at non-
44 discriminatory rates for home satellite owners in rural America. The Federal Communications
45 Commission (FCC) should give consideration to rural residents to obtain local channels by
46 satellite when the mailing address conflicts with regulations preventing them from receiving the
47 nearest local channel.

48
49 We support Oklahoma residents having the option to view Oklahoma news television
50 stations even if the residence is closer to an out-of-state news source.

51

1 We support preservation of satellite-based augmentation system (SBAS) guidance
2 opportunities for agriculture and protection of investments made by producers in existing
3 technologies.

4
5 We support an agricultural exemption from FCC registration requirements.

6
7 We support increased enforcement of the telephone solicitor no-call list, for both land lines
8 and cell phones.

9
10 We oppose private or government entities listening without consent through cellular phones
11 and other networked devices.

12 13 14 15 **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

16
17 We support state legislation that enhances economic development in rural Oklahoma. We
18 urge local and county AFR organizations to cooperatively work with city, county and state
19 agencies to take advantage of economic development opportunities.

20
21 We support the continuation of sub-state planning districts and continued funding of the
22 Rural Economic Action Plan (REAP) program that provides the infusion of capital to assist small
23 towns, rural communities and rural water districts.

24
25 We support the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry's (ODAFF) Made in
26 Oklahoma (MIO) program.

27
28 We support efforts to expand, enhance or assist the "added value" industry in Oklahoma,
29 including tax incentives for investors in value-added agricultural incentives.

30
31 We encourage increased funding for the Oklahoma Agriculture Enhancement and
32 Diversification Program.

33
34 We encourage legislation that would establish a state program for investing in and/or
35 financing rural business growth within the state.

36
37 We support American Farmers & Ranchers continuing to pursue agricultural value-added
38 venture opportunities for our membership.

39
40 We support efforts to promote agritourism opportunities for rural Oklahomans as another
41 means of complimenting their existing agricultural enterprises.

42 43 44 45 **ENERGY**

46 We encourage greater emphasis on research and development and increased government
47 support to reduce U.S. dependency on foreign oil.

48
49 We encourage universities and state and federal agencies to cooperate and investigate
50 alternative processes to produce more conservation-reliable alternatives, including biofuels,

1 ethanol, biomass, fuel cells, wind and solar power, heat transfer and other sustainable energy
2 sources.

3
4 We support and promote further research to reduce the potential for earthquakes due to
5 water injection wells. We further support the creation of a fund to cover the cost of damages
6 caused by earthquakes. The funds should be provided through an energy company fee and
7 overseen at the state level.

8
9 We support the Oklahoma Energy Resources Board (OERB) well cleanup program and the
10 implementation of an equivalent program requiring cleanup of solar and wind energy sites.

11
12 We support the requirement of a decommissioning bond for wind turbine installation to
13 protect landowners from future cleanup expenses.

14
15 We support the continuation of 640 acres or less unit spacing for an individual vertical or
16 horizontal oil or gas well in Oklahoma.

17
18 We support the continuation of hydraulic fracturing (fracking) as a means of extraction of
19 energy resources.

20
21 We urge further development in the use of compressed natural gas (CNG) and propane as
22 alternate motor fuels.

23
24 We support the use of nuclear power plants as an alternative energy source and the
25 continued research and development for encapsulation methods for spent fuel.

26
27 We support the use of wind and solar as alternative energy sources and the potential
28 landowner leasing opportunities.

29
30 We support local communities' ability to provide primary, supplemental or back-up power
31 utilizing all power resources available.

32
33 Oklahoma public utilities, municipalities, school districts, and/or state-owned vehicles
34 should be encouraged to use Oklahoma natural gas, ethanol blended gasoline, bio-diesel and
35 propane for fuel.

36
37 Coal produced in Oklahoma should be permitted to be used for the generation of electricity
38 within the state.

39
40 We support continuing research and construction of ethanol fuel plants and oilseed
41 extraction plants. Registration, permitting and licensing fees should be held to a minimum. We
42 encourage streamlining the permitting process for inland energy refineries, alternative energy
43 production and food-grade oils.

44
45 We support research for energy alternatives appropriate to the area and environment.

46
47 We believe state and national legislation should support exploration, development and
48 production of sustainable energy sources, including the development of alternative fuels from
49 our natural resources.

50

1 We support antitrust actions to increase competition among private industries involved in
2 energy production.

3
4 We favor retaining oil and gas depletion allowances.

5
6 Intangible drilling costs should be maintained as a deductible expense, as an
7 encouragement to potential drillers.

8
9 We favor responsible drilling and exploration for oil and gas in the United States and its
10 territories.

11
12 In the case of fuel shortages and transportation disruptions, fuel for agricultural purposes
13 should be given national security priority.

14
15 We oppose the creation of federal oil and gas corporations.

16
17 We support legislation requiring all oil companies operating in Oklahoma to make
18 available to the royalty owner and the Oklahoma Tax Commission an annual audit of production
19 of gas or oil if requested from any well.

20
21 To relieve the ad valorem burden on landowners and to support and enhance schools and
22 local and county governments, we support the measurement and appropriate taxation of all types
23 of energy production that leave the State of Oklahoma.

24
25 Energy and energy related companies should be jointly and severally responsible for
26 damages to property and for incidental expenses such as transactional costs of updating abstracts.

27
28 We encourage protection of mineral owners with rights to participate and be involved and
29 included in class action suits to protect their income. We oppose mineral owners having to opt
30 into a lawsuit, but rather support current law which considers the mineral owner automatically
31 part of the class action lawsuit.

32
33 All energy and transmission lines should be clearly marked at frequent, visible locations
34 showing current company contact information.

35
36 Legislation should be enacted which provides that all easements automatically revert to the
37 surface owner of record and be restored no later than three years after the land ceases to be used
38 for the original intent of the easement.

39
40 We support requiring energy producers to maintain the roads when they cross private
41 property to get to their lease.

42
43 We support gas balancing (proper accounting of production). Gas balancing should be
44 balanced in million cubic feet (MMcf).

45
46 We support the required use of electronic meters and unannounced inspection of such
47 metering devices on gas wells by Oklahoma Corporation Commission employees to ensure more
48 accurate measurement and proper payment for all production.

49

1 Verified reports and records of production maintained and indexed by the Oklahoma
2 Corporation Commission should be available for the general public and royalty owners or their
3 attorneys' inspection.
4

5 We propose increasing fines for inaccurate measurement and improper payment of gas and
6 oil wells and using the penalties to fund the monitoring program.
7

8 We oppose any effort or decision that would permit an oil company to charge the mineral
9 owner a portion of production or transportation costs incurred in the production or sale of oil or
10 gas.
11

12 We support the current Production Revenue Standards Act (PRSA) and the ability for
13 mineral owners to receive interest on oil and gas well production after six months of production
14 and for operators to provide detailed production revenue sheets of oil and natural gas production.
15

16 When mineral leases expire on land or when a well ceases production, the lessee should be
17 required to clear the records.
18

19 We encourage all mineral owners participate in mineral owners' association organizations.
20

21 We support new legislation to make forced pooling laws fair to both the mineral owner and
22 producer. "Good faith negotiations" should be clearly defined through legislation.
23

24 We favor the Oklahoma Corporation Commission requiring that spacing be based on
25 characteristics of the producing zone. If acreage is forced-pooled and another formation is
26 produced, permitting smaller spacing, that acreage pool in excess of the smaller spacing should
27 be released from the pooling order.
28

29 We urge continued monitoring of all legislation and activity on natural gas deregulation.
30

31 We urge drilling companies who are issued a drilling permit be held accountable to the
32 government agency or agencies for properly casing and cementing the hole to safe levels.
33 Violators should have their right to operate within the State of Oklahoma terminated.
34

35 We support an Oklahoma Corporation Commission rule change requiring the removal of
36 drilling fluids from reserve pits at the landowner's request.
37

38 Public funds should be used as a last resort to plug all abandoned oil and gas wells that
39 have been improperly plugged, with the abandoning company having primary liability.
40

41 We support efforts to get oil companies to use closed pit drilling systems.
42

43 We recommend that water discharge and other natural extractants, including mud and shale
44 resulting from oil and gas drilling, not be classified as hazardous or toxic waste.
45

46 We support the right of an individual to purchase a motor vehicle that uses whatever fuel
47 they choose.
48

49 We support a close review of the input cost of electricity, including the input costs for
50 electric cooperatives, as compared to the end cost of the utility. This is both for everyday costs
51 and in an effort to prepare for future catastrophic events.

1
2 **ENVIRONMENT**
3

4 We oppose the consolidation of the Oklahoma Dept. of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and
5 the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB).
6

7 We support research and testing of drilling mud used in soil farming prior to application, in
8 addition to other permitting required.
9

10 We oppose any increases in emissions standards for agriculture unless compliance can be
11 achieved at no net cost to the owner.
12

13 We oppose government subsidies for electric vehicles. We oppose any future dealership
14 quota requirements on electric vehicle sales. We believe people should be allowed to purchase
15 the vehicle of their choice.
16

17 We oppose the use of foreign research in the determination of livestock methane emissions.
18

19 We support fact-based research on the possible causes and effects of climate change. We
20 are interested in ongoing climate observations and discussions and we are ready and willing to
21 participate in active solutions should they emerge, particularly when those solutions benefit
22 Oklahomans and do not create undue burden on our state’s farmers and ranchers.
23

24 We oppose the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposing and implementing
25 climate control regulations as a back door method to achieving climate change goals in the
26 absence of passage of federal legislation.
27

28 We oppose international indirect land use in calculation of carbon footprints.
29

30 We support citizens taking the lead in bringing about sound, reasonable and effective
31 solutions to the problem of pollution and favor a cooperative and voluntary approach.
32

33 We support efforts to limit pollution and run-off in urban developments.
34

35 We oppose the classification of agricultural lands as “point sources” of pollution, unless
36 scientifically proven.
37

38 We support agriculture producers in their efforts to establish soil and water conservation
39 practices for producing food and fiber. However, we oppose regulatory rules by EPA or DEQ
40 dealing with non-point water quality and Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) that unduly
41 burdens agriculture and is not scientifically proven.
42

43 We support only scientifically based water quality standards in streams or water bodies
44 listed on EPA’s 303(d) list in determining the need for a TMDL. In addition, we favor sufficient
45 funding for a 90 percent cost-share for best management practice implementation must be in
46 place before any regulatory TMDL is implemented.
47

48 We believe a landowner who has been issued a resource conservation management plan by
49 the environmental agency with jurisdiction over non-source pollution shall be considered in
50 compliance with the law and not polluting.
51

1 We oppose rules by EPA dealing with air particulate matter regulation regarding
2 production agriculture. We favor exemption for production agriculture.

3
4 We oppose any EPA policy directive, which would mandate the testing and/or certification
5 of farmland, unless a federal fund is established to pay necessary costs of meeting certification
6 requirements.

7
8 We recommend that agriculture no longer be regulated by the EPA, but solely regulated by
9 the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA).

10
11 We support an amendment to the EPA's authority requiring that scientific proof be
12 provided that a situation detrimental to the public's health exists prior to exercising its
13 administrative authority, unless deemed by local, state or national governing bodies as an
14 emergency.

15
16 We support exemption of on-farm fuel tanks from EPA and state agency regulation.

17
18 Counties that adopt a "green box" program should ensure that the sites are maintained and
19 do not create a public nuisance to adjoining landowners.

20
21 We urge the Oklahoma Legislature to appropriate funds for a state solid waste disposal
22 program administered by each county.

23
24 We support permits being issued for any dump or landfill only if located a reasonable
25 distance from a public school or flood plain.

26
27 We strongly believe it is in the nation's best interest to have a partnership of federal and
28 state governments vested with the authority to make and carry out regulations concerning the use
29 of any agricultural pesticides and/or herbicides.

30
31 We support the Oklahoma beautification program for planting flowers, trees and shrubs and
32 urge our members, local and county organizations to participate in the program.

33
34 We favor enforcing existing laws and penalties on littering and illegal dumping on the
35 highway and county roads and private property.

36
37 We are in favor of continued environmental monitoring on industrial and municipal waste
38 disposal sites.

39
40 We strongly encourage DEQ to regulate state waste transported into the state in the same
41 way that intrastate waste is regulated.

42
43 We support a fee structure for imported waste that is at minimum equal to the exporting
44 state.

45
46 Those wastewater treatment facilities located in Northwest Arkansas shall meet
47 Oklahoma's phosphorous water quality standard established by the Oklahoma Water Resources
48 Board (OWRB) for Scenic Rivers.

1 We support prohibiting any person, firm or corporation from polluting the land, ponds,
2 lakes or streams and that those in violation restore the polluted area to original condition and be
3 subject to punishment by appropriate fines.
4

5 We support restoration of land to the original condition at the request of landowners
6 following any oil, gas, mineral, aggregate or electricity production and/or transmission activity.
7

8 We support funding for the Oklahoma Conservation Commission to expand abandoned
9 mine land reclamation activities to more types of mines and a broader geographic area of the
10 state.
11

12 We support matters of mineral litigation to be considered in the local court system rather
13 than the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.
14

15 We propose that just compensation be given to those individuals whose homes have been
16 damaged or made unlivable by commercial entities.
17

18 We propose applicants for construction of future commercial waste disposal sites should
19 notify every surface owner within one mile of the proposed disposal site and such permit
20 application notice should be run three times in the newspaper located closest to such sites.
21

22 When the location of an industrial waste disposal site is considered, the adverse financial
23 impact on the surrounding property must be considered. We oppose waste disposal wells,
24 including those for commercial salt water or toxic chemical disposal sites, being permitted on
25 land which overlays a major source of fresh water.
26

27 We favor a law that would make any person or company found guilty of dumping salt
28 water on public and private lands subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500, with a right for citizens'
29 damage suits, except in state roadbed construction when covered by asphalt or pavement.
30

31 A family-owned and operated confined animal and/or poultry farm should be subjected to
32 only those anti-pollution laws enforced by the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry
33 (ODAFF). State law and ODAFF rules on confined animal and poultry operations should not be
34 more restrictive than federal law, rules and regulations. We encourage reasonable, yet effective,
35 standards for protection of underground and surface water from confined animal and poultry
36 operations. We support ODAFF maintaining the delegated authority for the EPA National
37 Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES). We support state funding for this delegated
38 authority.
39

40 We support incidental grazing of conservation buffer strips.
41

42 We favor protecting landowners who purchased their property after conducting an
43 environmental audit which found no contamination from liability from contamination later
44 discovered.
45

46 We encourage recycling programs and biodegradable packaging.
47

48 We support recycling efforts for plastic and aluminum in rural areas.
49

50 We support adding agriculture tires to the state recycling program on a voluntary basis.
51

1 We support cost-share programs that encourage transporting poultry litter away from
2 nutrient-limited watersheds.

3
4 We support limiting liability on any state-approved environmental plans for businesses in
5 compliance.

6 7 8 9 WATER

10
11 We support the minimum flow of water should be allowed at all times from federal dams,
12 with notice given to news media in the area affected when an excessive amount of water is to be
13 released. The minimum flow should be based on the average flow of water in the streams before
14 the dam was built.

15
16 We ask that Congress define “navigable water” to mean waters that can be reasonably
17 navigated for the movement of goods, including agricultural products.

18
19 We oppose the deletion of the word “navigable” waters from the federal Clean Water Act
20 (CWA), which expands the taking of private property and provides additional intrusiveness.

21
22 We support government action be taken to increase access to water for agriculture and
23 human use.

24
25 Currently a set gross production tax funding amount is dedicated to a water Rural
26 Economic Assistance Program (REAP) and is divided equally between the Oklahoma Water
27 Resources Board (OWRB), the Oklahoma Conservation Commission and the Oklahoma Tourism
28 and Recreation Department for water related initiatives. We strongly support the continuation of
29 this effort and lifting the cap on this fund and making it a permanent dedicated revenue source.

30
31 State water quality statutes affecting agricultural water use should be administered and
32 enforced by the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry (ODAFF).

33
34 We support transparency and the application of the open meetings law with respect to
35 negotiations by the Governor, his/her designee and/or OWRB with other states, tribes,
36 municipalities, authorities and/or individuals for the sale or transfer of ownership of Oklahoma
37 water from the originating basin of origin. Preferential consideration should be given to the local
38 population where the water is held or flows before being transferred or sold to other areas.

39
40 We support the water rights of long-term water users being protected from having their
41 water depleted or polluted.

42
43 We support developing and continuing local, regional comprehensive state water plans on a
44 local, state and regional basis, and continuing regional representation on the Oklahoma Water
45 Resources Board.

46
47 We support mineral and groundwater rights remaining with the surface rights unless
48 otherwise specified and noted.

49
50 We support a complete ban on fresh underground water being used or sold for use by the
51 permit holder of water rights for secondary oil recovery.

1 We support water metering for any irrigation or commercial wells pulling from critically
2 depleting aquifers. We prefer this metering be managed on a regional basis.

3
4 We support reclaiming water utilized in energy development for reuse instead of using
5 fresh water.

6
7 To preserve our freshwater resources, we encourage research and development of filtration
8 processes to utilize non-freshwater resources to be utilized in energy exploration and
9 development.

10
11 We urge drilling companies who are issued a drilling permit be held accountable to the
12 government agency or agencies for properly casing and cementing the hole to safe levels to
13 prevent any possibility of contamination of drinking water. If the drilling company is found in
14 violation, the proper government agency shall be responsible for terminating their right to
15 operate within the State of Oklahoma or drilling wells in the State of Oklahoma.

16
17 The people in the area of a reservoir should have first priority concerning the use of the
18 water or revenue from that water.

19
20 We believe that the regional watershed from which water may be utilized or transferred
21 and/or sold should receive at least a reasonable portion of any economic benefit from the sale or
22 transfer of water out of or within the borders of the watershed through a pre-established trust
23 fund.

24
25 "Excess water" should be clearly defined by the OWRB.

26
27 We support continued studies on underground aquifer water storage, recharge and
28 recovery.

29
30 We oppose the sale of Oklahoma water in reservoirs out of state without first meeting the
31 needs of the state and local area and encourage federally recognized Indian tribes to do likewise.

32
33 We support adequate time being allowed for public scrutiny on all compacts dealing with
34 public interest, including, but not limited to, water issues.

35
36 We believe any sale of water across the state boundaries should be voted on by the citizens
37 within the counties in the watershed from which water will be taken.

38
39 We encourage a fair and equitable assessment and not a flat fee assessment relative to
40 annual renewals of water usage.

41
42 We support agricultural use of water from Altus-Lugert Lake.

43
44 If a comprehensive water plan passed by the Legislature includes monitoring of wells, we
45 support public funding for the cost of such activity.

46
47 We support Congressional action mandating the implementation of conservation practices
48 of municipal water consumption prior to draw-down from U.S. Army Corps of Engineer
49 reservoirs.

50

1 We oppose any legislation that establishes a minimum instream flow that restricts
2 landowners' agricultural and personal use.

3
4
5 **A. RURAL WATER**

6
7 We support the Oklahoma Rural Water Association (ORWA) in their efforts to find
8 balance with use of water in our state.

9
10 Construction of rural water and sewer systems should be expanded and more federal and
11 state grant money should be made available for the program, proportionate to that being used by
12 cities and municipalities.

13
14 Rural water systems should provide for future growth and the first years of repayment
15 schedule should be at a reduced rate.

16
17 We support programs to provide water for rural water districts, and municipal or industrial
18 use in rural areas, provided the water rights of local landowners are protected.

19
20 We oppose any restriction or taxation on farmers and ranchers drilling their own water
21 wells.

22
23 We support only one permit being required to reach a necessary water volume on
24 agriculture-use water wells. Only one permit fee should be assessed, regardless of how many
25 wells are required to reach that necessary water volume. This fee should not apply to exempt
26 wells.

27
28 We support the concept of "dry fire hydrants" in rural areas and the Insurance Services
29 Office (ISO) to allow appropriate fire credits. We further support the periodic testing of dry fire
30 hydrants that are permanently installed.

31
32 We support increased efforts to educate and recruit young people to certify and work in
33 rural and municipal water utility districts. Certification training could be included in plumbing
34 classes through CareerTech.

35
36 We support state grant funds for added fire protection through rural water districts.

37 We oppose any new rules from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that add to the
38 list of contaminants and that decrease the acceptable levels of contaminants that municipalities
39 and rural water districts must test for, unless backed by sound science.

40
41 We encourage county water districts and municipalities cooperation in servicing customers
42 in annexed areas.

43
44 We support and encourage state, federal and tribal funding for improvements to the
45 infrastructure of rural water systems across Oklahoma.

1 **FEED, SEED, FERTILIZER, FUEL**

2
3 We support research on the use of crops for pharmaceutical and nutraceutical purposes.
4

5 We support a program of adequate testing and sampling of commercial fertilizer and feed
6 and seed with penalties being assessed when analysis is below specifications.
7

8 We support educating farmers and grain handlers on the Plant Variety Protection Act
9 (PVPA).
10

11 We support modification of the PVPA of 1994 with respect to royalty fees taking in to
12 consideration sound science, a reasonable period of time for specific commodities, and on
13 percentage of purity of seed.
14

15 We support immunity from legal action for grain handlers from consequences of the PVPA
16 when handling grain.
17

18 We oppose small agricultural producers being included in the Environmental Protection
19 Agency's (EPA) enforcement of the spill prevention containment and control system. Farming
20 operations should be tiered based on volume storage size.
21

22 Anhydrous ammonia should continue to be classified as non-hazardous for the purpose of
23 transporting nurse tanks on public roadways.
24

25 We encourage privately owned anhydrous ammonia facilities and equipment to meet the
26 same safety requirements and standards as that of licensed dealers. Furthermore, we encourage
27 private owners to attend anhydrous ammonia safety training classes.
28

29 We support funding for animal waste nutrients research.
30

31 Notification should be visibly posted regarding the use of herbicides in fertilizer tanks and
32 spreaders for businesses that utilize such tanks on multiple farms (i.e. farm cooperatives, spray
33 businesses, etc.).
34
35
36

37 **COMMODITIES**

38
39 We support research and promotion programs financed by mandatorily paid and voluntarily
40 refundable deductions from the proceeds of sales by producers of agricultural commodities with
41 disbursement of funds controlled solely by boards of domestic producers elected by those
42 domestic producers assessed. The producer boards also solely control the operations of the
43 programs.
44

45 We support producing biotech commodities for a continued efficient and abundant food
46 and fiber supply as long as food safety is ensured, barriers are not created to interrupt trade
47 between nations or that negatively affect export possibilities for any commodity.
48

49 We support check-off programs for imported commodities being the same as domestic
50 commodities.
51

1 We support all weather disasters be treated equal with respect to indemnifying producers
2 and citizens.

3
4 We support the retention of the basic agribusiness infrastructure critical to rural America
5 which has been impacted by adverse weather conditions (i.e. grain elevators, livestock auctions
6 and cotton gins).

7
8 In order to protect agriculture producers we support the concept of indemnity funds and
9 being actively engaged in making certain indemnity funds are sufficient and flexible to keep up
10 with increasing market value.

11
12 We believe the news media should utilize scientific terminology when reporting issues
13 relevant to the agriculture industry which has the potential to impact commodity market prices to
14 agriculture producers. For example, instead of using “swine flu,” “H1N1” should be used, or
15 “BSE” instead of “mad cow.”

16
17 Be it resolved that all licensing entities for in-state and out-of-state custom harvesters, and
18 for-hire transporters of agriculture commodities and products collaborate to establish a
19 centralized permitting process.

20
21 We encourage congressional oversight of ownership of agricultural commodities in an
22 effort to avoid monopolizing U.S. commodity markets.

23
24 We oppose any outside entities dictating agricultural practices in Oklahoma.

25
26 **A. WHEAT**

27
28 We encourage Congress to initiate legislation to control price-depressing sales of
29 government-owned wheat and the flood of price-depressing wheat imports.

30
31 We support inspection and compensation for producers, custom harvesters and handlers to
32 reduce losses caused by all diseases.

33
34 No foreign materials whatsoever should be allowed to be added into wheat or feed grains
35 for export prior to or during the loading of ships for export.

36
37 Since grain buyers levy a discount on grain below a certain quality standard, they should
38 also pay a premium for grain that is better than standard with both discounts and premiums
39 posted.

40
41 We support a coordinated effort among wheat producing countries to develop a genetically
42 enhanced variety with adequate research to ensure food safety and consumer acceptance.

43
44 We encourage the U.S. Wheat Associates to become more active in addressing domestic
45 concerns.

46
47 **B. COTTON**

48
49 Price support loan on cotton should be based on a domestic profitability concept, rather
50 than a foreign cotton exchange. As long as the present price support level is based on the A-
51 Index, we ask that it be based on a six-month marketing period.

1 We support continuation of the boll weevil eradication program and maintaining boll
2 weevil-free status.

3
4 We favor keeping the cotton gins under the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.

5
6 We support relaxing the Oklahoma Corporation Commission's financial reporting
7 requirements for cotton gins.

8
9 We support cotton gin trash research, including fuel pelleting and cattle feed.

10 11 **C. LIVESTOCK**

12
13 We support a modernized pre-determined arbitration process for resolving estray livestock
14 complaints. We support strong financial penalties for owners of "repeat offender" trespassing
15 livestock.

16
17 We support a review and possible update of the 1910 Oklahoma fencing law by the
18 Oklahoma legislature.

19 We oppose the defining of animal manure, waste or nutrients as being considered
20 hazardous and regulated under state law or federal "Superfund" law, the Comprehensive
21 Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA).

22
23 We support reform and time reduction for record retention for all confined animal feeding
24 operations (CAFOs).

25
26 We support clarification of the rules on the closure of lagoons of current operating facilities
27 and for existing non-operating facilities.

28
29 We support incentive programs that encourage students to become educated in state meat
30 inspection and/or meat processing and to work in rural areas upon completion of their training.

31
32 We encourage nutrition education that promotes the inclusion of animal protein in a healthy
33 diet.

34 We support continuing education requirements for CAFOs producers be on a basis of every
35 third year.

36
37 We encourage the leadership of the various livestock species and general farm
38 organizations to work together to create a USDA approved established disaster plan to help
39 protect the future of our farmers and ranchers.

40
41 We support continued funding of livestock disaster programs that compensates producers
42 when drought, tariffs, imports or disease affect the reduction of price.

43
44 We support keeping livestock assistance programs in place and establishing a fund so the
45 payment factor can be kept at 100 percent to ensure timely payments.

46
47 We recommend enrollment in the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary
48 Medicine (OSU-CVM).be expanded. Preference should be given to rural Oklahoma residents.

49
50 We support an initiative to address the shortage of state large animal practice veterinarians
51 that focuses on financial assistance for vet school education. We additionally support a low

1 interest loan or guaranteed loan for purchasing an existing practice or construction of a new large
2 animal clinic in rural Oklahoma. In exchange for both considerations the veterinarian will
3 practice a specified number of years in a rural area.
4

5 We oppose the requirement that veterinary drugs be sold by prescription only. We support
6 full availability of veterinary drugs to agriculture producers in order to provide adequate animal
7 health care.
8

9 We support retaining the option of using antibiotics in medicines or feeds for animal health
10 preventative measures or when treating livestock that are sick.
11

12 We oppose FDA Guidance GFI 263 that restricts the use of commonly used livestock
13 antibiotics that were previously available over-the-counter.
14

15 We support livestock owners' personal property rights to treat their own animals and/or
16 engage veterinarians or lay people to do the same.
17

18 We support the responsible use of scientifically proven safe production practices in
19 livestock and poultry.
20

21 We demand efforts be made to shift Oklahoma's government beef purchases to locally
22 sourced product, to include specifically the state prison system and public schools.
23

24 We encourage efforts be made to change the EBT card system to allow installment
25 payments toward the purchase of large quantities of beef (i.e. quarters, halves, wholes).
26

27 We strongly support enforcement of antitrust laws currently on the books, and anti-trust
28 laws must be strengthened and enforced to prevent the continued corporate dominance of
29 agriculture markets including but not limited to livestock feeding operations.
30

31 We demand enforcement of the Packers and Stockyards Act, the Sherman Antitrust Act,
32 and the Clayton Antitrust Acts, specifically in regard to the antitrust issues surrounding the
33 packing segment of the beef industry in the United States.
34

35 We support accurate and effective mandatory price reporting, reflective of actual prices of
36 the major meat packers.
37

38 We support programs to educate producers on animal identification methods in order to
39 identify and assist in retrieving stolen livestock.
40

41 We support and encourage a livestock owner's right to identify their livestock with hot iron
42 branding, tattooing, tagging or other types of identification.
43

44 We support the concept of a premise identification program. Any future programs dealing
45 with animal identification should be least burdensome to producers and maintain producer
46 confidentiality.
47

48 We support a producer's voluntary application of technology, age verification and trace
49 back methods which can enhance producer profits. We support current non-electronic animal
50 identification methods. We oppose any mandatory electronic animal identification requirements,
51 whether mandated by state or federal authorities.

1 We propose strengthening the cattle branding system by encouraging that the brand on
2 branded livestock be reflected on the bill of sale in all sales transactions.

3
4 We support legislation to require a “PI” brand on all persistently infected cattle sold at
5 livestock markets.

6
7 To deter livestock and rural theft, we support stronger penalties with forfeiture of assets
8 going into a revolving fund within the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry
9 (ODAFF) and support continued efforts by ODAFF to investigate livestock and rural thefts and
10 the prosecution of offenders.

11
12 We support an adequately funded beef check-off to continue the mission of market
13 promotion, research, nutrition, product safety and education.

14
15 We strongly oppose the federal government subsidizing the importation of foreign beef.

16
17 We oppose an automatic referendum on the Beef Check-Off every five years.

18
19 We support pork and beef initiatives funded through check-off programs which educate
20 youth and adults about these industries and products.

21
22 We strongly oppose the re-introduction of predatory animals by any government agency.

23
24 We strongly favor legislative or regulatory changes that will give the right to any owner to
25 control any predatory animals when the owner and/or tenant, the owner’s family or the owner’s
26 property is in danger.

27
28 We demand that USDA reinstate its prohibition of ownership or control of custom feedlots
29 by packers.

30
31 We favor competition in the marketplace; therefore, be it resolved that the following be
32 adopted and implemented through legislation:

- 33
34 1. A ban on packer ownership more than 14 days prior to slaughter.
35
36 2. Establish provisions for transparency in the market relating to base and forward
37 contracting, including a federal protection plan for whistleblowers and witnesses.
38
39 3. Clear delineation of spot markets and its functions.
40
41 4. Establish parameters for treble damages and recovery of attorney fees from consumers
42 and producers.
43
44 5. Ensure grade transparency uniformity at state inspections.
45
46 6. Modernize, re-codify, and enforce the Packers and Stockyards Act to meet the standards
47 and expectations of today’s consumers and producers for their protection.
48
49 7. Establish and implement a country-of-origin labeling program.
50

- 1 8. Create a USDA “Office of Special Counsel for Competition” to aggressively investigate
2 anti-competitive practices and market manipulation occurring in the agriculture sector
3 and have the authority and subpoena power to collect concentration-related information.
4

5 We support the appropriate harvesting of equine in USDA inspected facilities and oppose
6 any legislation prohibiting transportation of equine for harvest.
7

8 We oppose a tax on methane gas released by livestock.
9

10 We oppose the use of federal tax dollars to sustain livestock not intended for human
11 consumption (i.e. the federal Wild Horse & Burro Program). If the program continues, we
12 encourage the sterilization of breeding-age animals in an effort to manage wild populations.
13

14 We encourage ODAFF to increase monitoring and testing for tuberculosis and PI in
15 livestock and other species as required.
16

17 We support the development of reasonable setback distance requirements for new poultry
18 barns from neighboring residences by the state legislature. These setback requirements should be
19 enforced by the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry. Protections should be
20 afforded to existing poultry operations.
21

22 **D. DAIRY AND DAIRY PRODUCTS**

23
24 We support improving the level of income for dairy farmers to better meet their increased
25 cost of production, in order to maintain a productive capacity to meet anticipated future needs.
26

27 We support a stabilized supply of milk and milk products, at levels which will adequately
28 meet the needs of consumers.
29

30 Imitation products should not be allowed to be labeled or advertised using dairy terms or
31 names. We oppose redefining the products currently set up with the USDA.
32

33 The present pricing method should be continued for fresh, reconstituted milk.
34

35 We support raising the minimum standards for fluid whole milk to 10 percent solids; non-
36 fat and skim milk to 99 percent solids non-fat.
37

38 We oppose raising the import quota on dairy products and removing tariffs on imported
39 dairy products.
40

41 We encourage the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA) to make efforts to return milk protein
42 casein plants to foster domestic use in the United States.
43

44 **E. PEANUTS**

45
46 We support a more accurate price discovery in the marketplace for peanuts.
47

48 We support an annual target price cost of production adjustment for peanuts.
49

50 We believe storage and handling fees for peanuts in the government loan program should
51 be paid by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA).

1 **F. OTHERS**

2
3 We urge and encourage all farmers to explore producing alternate cash crops where soil,
4 water and climate permits, and urge research and extension services at land grant universities to
5 supply valuable help in these areas.

6
7 We support a ban on castor bean production in the State of Oklahoma.

8
9 We oppose the growing, harvesting and processing of any crop which produces ricin, a
10 toxic substance which can be lethal to humans and animals, can be market disrupting and
11 considered a prime tool for use by terrorists to harm U.S. citizens.

12
13 We support the continued inclusion of all commercially-grown crops in the federal
14 insurance programs available through the USDA Risk Management Agency (RMA).

15
16
17
18 **FOOD PROCESSING**

19
20 We support interstate or intrastate shipment of beverages and processed foods if the state
21 inspections meet or exceed federal standards.

22
23 We support increasing funding commensurate with the increased number of inspectors
24 needed to adequately inspect intrastate, interstate and international food.

25
26 We support Oklahoma State University's continued efforts to secure federal grants and
27 encourage the Oklahoma Legislature to appropriate the necessary funding for operation of the
28 Oklahoma State University (OSU) Food and Agricultural Products Research and Technology
29 Center (FAPC).

30
31 We oppose state and federal funding of any kind for organizations that promote the
32 elimination of livestock and/or poultry as a source of edible protein.

33
34 We strongly support food safety oversight for micro plastics in our food and water supplies.

35
36
37
38 **ANIMAL WELFARE**

39
40 We support animal welfare, as opposed to animal rights.

41
42 We urge our members to continue to educate the public on the fact that animals do not
43 possess the same "rights" as humans.

44
45 We oppose further laws or state questions, which would limit production agriculture by
46 imposing restrictions on traditional methods of producing swine, poultry, equine and cattle.

47
48 We oppose any outside entities dictating how livestock are grown in Oklahoma.

1 We support scientifically sound methods of herdsmanship and the continued use of
2 technological advancements in livestock production for American producers to efficiently supply
3 protein to the world.
4

7 **FORECLOSED LAND AND WETLANDS**

8
9 We oppose arrangements between U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the Farm
10 Service Agency (FSA) which allow control of foreclosed lands in FSA inventory to be
11 transferred without public hearings or impact studies.
12

13 We oppose acquisition of land for hiking trails and habitat for endangered species through
14 the use of easements or other restrictions placed on deeds of foreclosed land.
15

16 We support legislative action requiring federal land be sold with no more restrictions on the
17 deeds than existed at time of foreclosure. Mineral rights on such foreclosed lands should be left
18 intact and transferred to the new owner.
19

20 We support development of a clear, common definition of wetlands to be used consistently
21 by all state and federal agencies. The landowner must be notified prior to the classification or re-
22 classification of his or her property. The owner of property taken as wetlands should be fairly
23 and reasonably compensated for any loss of use. While we oppose the taking of ANY land by
24 governmental agencies, no takings should occur without a sight inspection of the property and
25 full opportunity for the owner to appeal agency decision.
26

27 We propose the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (USDA) be the lead agency in matters pertaining
28 to wetlands.
29
30
31

32 **AG RESEARCH AND EXTENSION**

33
34 We call for a minimum of one agricultural educator and one family and consumer science
35 educator in each county for continuing adult education. We also encourage a strong 4-H club
36 program in each county.
37

38 We support utilizing a citizen county, district and state advisory system as a means to
39 provide grassroots input to the leadership of the cooperative extension and research service.
40

41 We support a concerted effort to obtain adequate funding for Oklahoma State University
42 (OSU), the Oklahoma Agricultural Experiment Station (OAES) and the Oklahoma Cooperative
43 Extension Service (OCES) in every county.
44

45 We support developing a national clearinghouse for compiling and making available a
46 database, with all agriculture research being conducted by state land-grant universities.
47

48 We support the Grazing Lands Research Laboratory at Fort Reno and the Southern Plains
49 Research Lab in Woodward. This research in livestock grazing and erosion control is vital to
50 Southwest United States agriculture.
51

1 We support funding for the Expanded Wheat Pasture Research Unit at OSU.

2
3 We support funding for Oklahoma Ag4Life.

4
5 We encourage the Oklahoma Board of Higher Regents to fully allocate all funds
6 appropriated by the Oklahoma Legislature to OSU and Cooperative Extension and Experiment
7 Station.

8
9 We support expanded research on soil health practices by USDA-NRCS, Oklahoma
10 Agricultural Experiment Station, Noble Research Institute and our various agricultural schools in
11 Oklahoma.

12
13 We support continued funding for and re-establishment of USDA-ARS facilities in the
14 middle United States.

17 18 **COOPERATIVES AND ORGANIZATIONS**

19
20 We support partnering with groups who embrace policies that are favorable to family
21 agriculture and are considered pro-agriculture by the members we represent.

22
23 We support farm cooperatives and urge all farmers to support them to the fullest extent in
24 their local communities.

25
26 We support continuation of the Capper-Volstead Act of 1922 that limits each member of a
27 cooperative to one vote, regardless of the amount of stock or membership capital the members
28 owns.

29
30 We reaffirm our support for rural electric cooperatives and urge Congress to provide ample
31 insured and guaranteed loan funds to meet the needs of the rural electric cooperative system and
32 its customers.

33
34 We strongly encourage the U.S. Congress to oppose electric deregulation.

35
36 The U.S. Congress and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) are steadfastly
37 moving toward restructuring the electric utility industry. We believe any restructuring of
38 Oklahoma's electric industry should embrace the following criteria:

- 39
- 40 1. Make certain we have continued universal access to electric power.
 - 41
 - 42 2. Make certain safeguards are in place to protect all Oklahomans from significantly
43 increased rates and line costs from electric restructuring.
 - 44
 - 45 3. All classes of customers should be treated fairly.
 - 46
 - 47 4. Make certain rural Oklahomans gain the benefits of "competition," while prohibiting
48 the discriminatory aspects of "competition" that left rural Oklahomans in the dark a
49 few decades ago.
 - 50

1 5. Make sure revenues generated by the electric industry remain revenue-neutral to all
2 receiving entities as much as possible.

3
4 6. Make certain the environment is protected and preserved.

5
6 We urge the preference clause be continued as a means of assuring the people will benefit
7 from the sale of electric power from the federal dams, not just a few stockholders.

8
9 We support the principle that recreation pays a share of the cost of hydropower projects.

10
11 We urge Congress, state legislators and ratemaking authorities to use their powers to
12 protect the rights of rural cooperatives to generate their own power.

13
14 We urge Congress to continue to recognize the right of cooperatives to serve defense and
15 other installations in their service areas.

16
17 We oppose any effort, congressional or administrative, to weaken or dispose of our rural
18 electric cooperatives or government-owned power-generating facilities.

19
20 We support legislation to allow water associations and rural water districts to redeem loans
21 before a sale to outside investors.

22
23 We continue our support for the Rural Utilities Service (RUS).

24 We support the concept of cooperative wind and solar energy projects that benefit member
25 landowners. Such projects should remain as cooperative ventures once construction is completed
26 without resale to other private entities.

27
28 We support a close review of the input cost of electricity, including the input costs for
29 electric cooperatives, as compared to the end cost of the utility. This is both for everyday costs
30 and in an effort to prepare for future catastrophic events.

31
32 We support rural utility cooperatives increasing access to high speed fiberoptic in an effort
33 to improve internet connectivity for rural Oklahomans.

34 35 36 37 **CREDIT AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

38
39 We recognize and support the value of community banks and lending institutions to rural
40 areas and realize that the broad-based economic stress of the nation has impacted these entities.
41 We trust they will not be ignored for future assistance when they are negatively impacted.

42
43 We strongly oppose legislation which negatively impacts rural America banks and lending
44 institutions.

45
46 We call upon Congress and/or state or federal regulatory agencies to investigate reverse
47 mortgage lending practices and the impact the reverse mortgage industry has on consumers.

48
49 We oppose the Basel III proposal which fundamentally changes how all banks' holding
50 companies calculate their capital ratios which impacts loan volume.

1 We oppose credit institutions implementing U.S. Roundtable for Sustainable Beef
2 (USRSB) criteria, or any other sustainability or conservation program criteria, as a mandate to
3 receive credit.

4
5 Assistance to rural banks can be provided by allowing Federal Deposit Insurance
6 Corporation (FDIC) tolerance in working with local bankers.

7
8 We oppose further relaxation of the branch banking laws.

9
10 We oppose the continuing increase of regulations on home mortgage lending and support
11 relaxation of regulations relative to community lending for home mortgages.

12
13 We oppose further closure and/or consolidation of existing Oklahoma Farm Service
14 Agency (FSA) county offices, support adequate staffing commensurate with workload levels
15 evaluated annually, and support updated technology for expediting delivery of programs.

16
17 We oppose recall of short-term FSA farm loans until termination date.

18
19 We support a two-year extension on the 15-year limit on FSA loans until the issue can be
20 reconsidered.

21
22 FSA should be more adequately funded for emergency farm ownership and operating
23 loans.

24
25 All FSA applications and credit for farming activities should be fairly and equitably
26 considered and acted upon in a timely manner to maintain the integrity of the program.

27
28 We oppose the privatization of FSA loan programs.

29
30 We support continuation of the limited resource loan program through FSA and oppose
31 loan time limits as the only disqualifying factor.

32
33 FSA should accomplish its original mission with emphasis on agriculture loans and provide
34 adequate funds for both guaranteed and direct loans return to the direct loan concept.

35
36 We support low interest rates and reduced collateral thresholds on agriculture loans from
37 FSA and Farm Credit system, including but not limited to those for beginning, socially
38 disadvantaged and military veteran farmers/ranchers.

39
40 We support FSA regulations, which would give delinquent FSA borrowers additional time
41 to complete the loan servicing documents.

42
43 We support the amount of write downs on FSA loans to not be below current fair market
44 value and to be determined by a minimum of three certified land appraisers using the
45 comparative sales approach.

46
47 We strongly support jurisdiction of the Farm Credit System (FCS) remain under the
48 authority of the U.S. House and Senate Agriculture Committees.

49
50 We support legislation to close the exit provision of the FCS that would allow the sale,
51 acquisition or merger to any private entity that is not a cooperative.

1 We support the FCS in providing long-term, low-interest-rate loans in a timely fashion to
2 young people who want to start farming.

3
4 We support the continued cooperative ownership of the FCS and its status as a
5 government-sponsored enterprise. We support maintaining the Farm Credit Administration
6 (FCA) as the FCS's independent regulator and the agency's focus on FCS safety, soundness and
7 mission fulfillment.

8
9 The Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer MAC) could be a new source of
10 long-term, fixed-rate credit for family farmers if properly administered. We urge Congress to
11 review the effects of Farmer MAC on the availability of credit to borrowers whose loans would
12 not qualify to be pooled or who would choose not to have their loan pooled.

13
14 We urge continuance of the program authorizing matching grants to states with qualified
15 mediation programs.

16
17 We favor continuing the Agricultural Link Deposit Program as administered by the
18 Oklahoma State Treasurer. The program should be limited to family farmers, as defined herein,
19 and on the ability to repay. The program should be expanded by providing additional funds for
20 lending.

21 We encourage Oklahoma Bankers Association members to get involved with farm
22 organizations on issues related to the farm bill.

23 24 25 26 HEALTHCARE

27
28 We support the continuation or development of any accredited Oklahoma teaching hospital
29 and associated medical or osteopathic doctor training program which primarily returns
30 physicians to rural Oklahoma.

31
32 We support providing a wide range of services to our veterans, including adequate health
33 care in a timely manner, with close scrutiny and continued oversight of U.S. Dept. of Veterans
34 Affairs (VA) programs by the federal government.

35
36 We believe that determining whether life-sustaining procedures should be withheld or
37 withdrawn for illness, disease, injury or extreme mental deterioration (such that there is no
38 reasonable expectation of recovering or regaining a meaningful quality of life) should be made
39 by the attending physicians and immediate members of the family.

40
41 We encourage the use of an "advanced directive" by everyone.

42
43 We oppose the illegal use of human body parts.

44
45 We support veterans receiving healthcare at their local hospital if the care they need exists
46 in that location.

47
48 We support health care reform that does not disproportionately burden small, family-owned
49 farms and businesses with additional costs.

1 We support health care reform to cover all Americans with affordable and available basic
2 health-care coverage.

3
4 We support affordable prescription drugs for senior citizens.

5
6 We encourage the federal government to simplify the information on and enrollment of
7 Medicare Part D and provide more affordable coverage without gaps.

8
9 We oppose funding reductions to Medicare, but support a process for establishing a means
10 test for program eligibility.

11
12 We support expanding qualifications to allow more people eligibility for the medical
13 savings plan, including employees with no health plan benefits.

14
15 We encourage the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education to continue their efforts
16 to expand the education and training provided by regional hospitals to encompass the entire state
17 and provide care at low cost to indigent patients as well as to train interns in rural areas.

18
19 We support providing equal pay for equal services claims reimbursement, whether in a city
20 or rural health care facility.

21
22 We oppose changes in regulations which would impose unrealistic demands on rural
23 hospitals, pharmacies and physicians, threatening survival of small hospitals and rural
24 pharmacies, and discouraging physicians from establishing or maintaining rural practices.

25
26 We support incentive programs that encourage doctors and nurses to practice in rural areas
27 upon completion of their training.

28
29 Training for emergency medical technicians should be fostered in regional areas utilizing
30 local volunteer fire departments, hospitals, Oklahoma Career and Technology Education centers
31 and other entities utilizing grant funds to accomplish the effort.

32
33 We support legislation to allow 100 percent federal and state income tax credits or tax
34 deductions for those who self-finance their health insurance and are self-employed.

35
36
37
38 **SOCIAL SECURITY AND SENIORS**

39
40 We support a strong Social Security system.

41
42 We oppose any negative net adjustments of the current Social Security system and support
43 adequate continued federal funding of the Social Security program.

44
45 The spouse or family of a deceased person should be able to keep the month's social
46 security check in the month the individual died.

47
48 We discourage any reduction in state payments for elder care either in nursing facilities or
49 through hospice.

1 We believe only U.S. citizens should be eligible to receive Social Security benefits, but
2 non-citizens lawfully working with a visa or work permit should be required to pay into the
3 Social Security system.

4
5 We urge Congress to raise the maximum earned income limit for retired individuals who
6 have not yet reached “full retirement” age.

7
8 We oppose any cuts in Social Security benefits and furthermore urge an increase of the
9 death benefit to the beneficiary.

10
11 We support the Older Americans Act. We commend the efforts of senior service programs
12 that serve senior citizens in Oklahoma, and further, we urge funding these programs, including
13 continuance and expansion into all counties in our state.

14
15 We support closer monitoring of benefits for Social Security Disability.

16 17 18 **TAXATION** 19

20 Oklahoma lands acquired by the state or federal government, tribal entities, municipalities
21 or by non-profit organizations, including commercial real property and farm and ranch land
22 owned by religious institutions, should be subject to ad valorem tax. Worship centers and
23 parsonages should remain exempt.

24
25 We believe all fuel tax revenues should be directed to improving highways, roads and
26 bridges.

27
28 All motor vehicle excise tax should be earmarked for county roads, state highways and city
29 streets, rather than going into the general revenue fund.

30
31 We recommend legislation allowing farmers to use funds from the sale of their family farm
32 to create a retirement fund similar to a 401K or Keogh plan. Taxes would be paid on income as it
33 is withdrawn, rather than on a lump sum as a capital gain tax.

34
35 We support maintaining the current capital gains tax at 15% or less.

36
37 We support harmonizing state laws on combine entry from one state to another.

38
39 We support harmonizing and reciprocating Oklahoma state law with other states’ farm tax
40 exemptions.

41
42 We oppose taxes being levied on stored grain.

43
44 We oppose the imposition of any additional and/or movement of the federal motor fuel tax
45 to achieve budget deficit reduction.

46
47 We support the collection of road use fuel taxes at the terminal point.

48
49 Capital gains (now taxable income) must be eliminated for farmers and ranchers on “write-
50 down” portion of their loans when they restructure their loans through voluntary conveyances to
51 stay in business.

1 We support the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Chapter 12 bankruptcy reorganization for
2 farmers however the IRC must be amended to create separate tax status for the Chapter 12 estate.

3
4 We support state tax provisions favorable to producers forced to liquidate livestock and
5 which will not conflict with federal tax provisions.

6
7 We support the current federal tax provisions granted by the Internal Revenue Service
8 (IRS) for producers forced to liquidate livestock.

9
10 We support allowing a tax deduction for farmers for hay and grain donated to disaster
11 areas. This deduction should be extended to food commodities donated to hungry and needy
12 people.

13
14 We support tax incentives or tax credits for producers who purchase or have purchased
15 equipment to convert from conventional till farming to no-till or minimum till for controlling soil
16 erosion and water conservation.

17 We support providing tax credit incentives to retiring farmers who sell their agriculture
18 operations to a young farmer to further encourage new operators to enter production agriculture.

19
20 We oppose the federal sales tax called “value added tax.”

21
22 Whenever land is purchased under the threat of eminent domain, capital gains taxes should
23 not be required.

24
25 We oppose interest rates being imputed by the IRS to individuals who sell their property
26 and provide financing at a rate lower than the rate being charged by financial institutions. The
27 IRS should not be permitted to charge that individual the difference between the lower rate being
28 charged and the going rate being charged by financial institutions.

29
30 We support a more strict definition of IRC Sec. 1031 land exchanges limiting non-taxable
31 events to the current use of both properties and the intended use for the next five years.

32
33 We favor taxing the money earned in the United States by any citizen of another country.

34
35 We favor increasing the state income tax exemption to match the federal amount.

36
37 We support a constitutional amendment providing additional millage for county
38 governments, subject to 60 percent approval by voters of individual counties.

39
40 We oppose replacing state income tax with increased property taxes and/or taxes on
41 services.

42
43 We support no further reduction to state tax rates, as these reductions put undue strain on
44 our rural public school systems and increases the likelihood of additional ad valorem taxes.

45
46 For state revenue development we support fair and equitable treatment of all resources.

47
48 We support taxing aggregate materials when they are removed from the county where they
49 were mined. These tax dollars should go first to the county, then the state.

50

1 In the absence of total elimination of a federal estate tax, we recommend a federal estate
2 tax exemption be set at \$12.06 million (2023) and indexed thereafter to inflation.

3
4 We support increasing the annual gift tax exemption level.

5
6 We strongly encourage American Farmers & Ranchers Life to educate our membership
7 through estate planning seminars across the state.

8
9 We request that an additional person, with an agricultural background, be placed on any ad
10 valorem task force. This person should be appointed by the County Assessors Association and
11 confirmed by the Oklahoma Senate.

12
13 We support property taxes being based on fair market value.

14
15 We recommend use of current county soil conservation maps and surveys to tax agriculture
16 land as to its use.

17
18 We call for an accounting to the people of Oklahoma by the Oklahoma Tax Commission
19 and/or State Auditor of all tax revenue generated by liquor by the drink, pari-mutuel betting,
20 Indian compacts and lottery tickets.

21
22 We ask the Oklahoma Legislature to continue the present practice of assessing agricultural
23 land based on 75 percent of rental income, 25 percent of comparable sales, to arrive at a per point
24 value.

25
26 We strongly support continuation of the sales tax exemption, tax credits and income tax
27 deductions used in agriculture.

28
29 We support a state-wide, sales tax-free weekend for consumers.

30
31 We do not support an increase in ad valorem taxes as a means to solve a state revenue
32 shortfall.

33
34 We oppose all ad valorem tax increases that do not require a super-majority vote.

35
36 The Constitution of the State of Oklahoma should be adhered to in the use of ad valorem
37 taxes, with oversight by the Oklahoma State Auditor and Inspector Office.

38
39 We oppose any attempts by oil, gas, wind and solar power companies to exempt their
40 production equipment from tax rolls.

41
42 We oppose the mandatory licensing of farm trailers for any purpose with the exception of
43 commercial use.

44
45 The Oklahoma Tax Commission should notify and clarify with businesses concerning farm
46 items that are tax exempt.

47
48 We support putting all road user taxes in a trust fund for the construction and maintenance
49 of roads. The road user funds now going to other uses should be replaced, dollar for dollar, from
50 the general fund.

1 We support the return of investment tax credit on all American-made products.

2
3 Because the collection of taxes falls within the purview of the Oklahoma Tax Commission
4 and the IRS, we believe a farmer’s responsibility, with respect to assisting these state and federal
5 agencies, should be limited to a single, annual reporting of wages paid to farm workers.

6
7 We oppose attempts to reduce the percentage of voters necessary to pass all bond issues
8 from 60 percent to a majority vote.

9
10 We support special consideration be given to personnel involved in natural disaster
11 response regarding income taxes.

12
13 We support equal taxation for all new and old, vertical and horizontal oil and gas wells and
14 wind generation facilities in Oklahoma.

15
16 We support the Oklahoma Legislature attempting to more effectively collect sales tax on
17 internet purchases.

18 We support a flat-rate tax on road-use electric vehicles in lieu of a fuel tax. This flat-rate
19 tax should be used for the repair and improvement of roads and bridges.

20
21 We support a flat-rate tax on farm-use diesel vehicles in lieu of a fuel tax. This flat-rate tax
22 should be used for the repair and improvement of roads and bridges.

23 24 25 26 **GOVERNMENT**

27
28 The U.S. Congress should not pass any laws which apply to U.S. citizens for which they
29 exempt themselves. All laws should apply equally to all, including the people who pass the laws.

30
31 Any local, county or state primary election where party filing is required shall allow all
32 eligible voters to vote if only one party is represented. Alternatively, any local, county or state
33 primary race where only one party is represented should be moved to the general election.

34
35 We fully support the usage of “God” on government buildings, legal documents and legal
36 tender and we oppose the removal of existing references.

37
38 We encourage all elected officials to vote the issues rather than voting strictly along party
39 lines.

40
41 We must have more meaningful, comprehensive campaign finance reform in the election of
42 our state and national legislators, officials and president. We encourage further study of public
43 campaign financing as a means of limiting the influence of large corporations, self interest
44 groups and the wealthiest individuals.

45
46 We believe that fees or taxes collected by government for a specific purpose should be used
47 for that intended purpose.

48
49 We support the education and enforcement of the military code for the proper care and use
50 of the flag of the United States. Any intentional defamation or destruction of the flag should be
51 considered a felony. We oppose protesters at all funerals.

1 We support government accepting the responsibility of commitments made to military
2 veterans.

3
4 We support cities or towns of less than 25,000 population, and counties less than 60,000, be
5 exempted from provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act. This act provides that prevailing wages be
6 paid on any construction job where public money is involved.

7
8 We support a commonsense approach to child labor regulations and laws relative to
9 agriculture.

10 11 **A. IMMIGRATION**

12
13 All laws that apply to U.S. citizens shall also apply to immigrants upon entry to the United
14 States.

15
16 We favor immigration laws that continue to embody our creed of acceptance of
17 immigrants, while not burdening our government's and citizens' social and other resources.

18
19 We support opportunities to immigrants to earn citizenship that are willing to make a
20 positive social, economic and patriotic contribution as U.S. citizens.

21
22 We support a documented guest worker program for immigrant laborers that results in
23 these individuals paying taxes, obeying local, state and federal laws and have the option of
24 returning to their home country, with full access to the judicial system.

25
26 We oppose illegal immigrant minor children, while awaiting processing, being incarcerated
27 with convicted adult felons.

28
29 We support immigration laws that provide a system of identification, classification and
30 taxation.

31
32 We support modernizing and simplifying the H-2A visa program. We support USDA
33 employing staff to help farmers and ranchers navigate the application process.

34
35 We support the development of new authorization documents that cannot be manipulated
36 or duplicated and include biometric identifiers. Until such a system is developed, we oppose
37 employers of guest workers to be responsible for the authenticity of guest worker documentation.

38 39 **B. POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES (PACs)**

40
41 We support an opportunity to be implemented through the AFR billing process for
42 members/policyholders to be able to make a voluntary contribution to the AFR/OFU Political
43 Action Committee (PAC) to support candidates that support our policies and issues.

44
45 We oppose the use of super PACs during the election process and find their intrusion to
46 be detrimental.

47 48 **C. FEDERAL**

49
50 We support the enforcement of the Constitution of the United States.

1 We strongly urge Congress to properly fund U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, USDA-NRCS
2 and Bureau of Reclamation lakes and reservoirs.

3
4 We support the continued partnership and collaboration between USDA-NRCS and
5 USDA-FSA, but oppose the consolidation of their programs.

6
7 We encourage Congress to work toward reducing the federal debt in hopes of eventually
8 being able to balance the federal budget.

9
10 We oppose any efforts to convert U.S. land descriptions to the metric system.

11 The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and other government agencies should be held liable to
12 pay attorney fees of both parties when the government loses the case.

13
14 We oppose approval of any additional federal holidays.

15
16 We favor legislation to require disclosure of foreign ownership and control of American
17 real estate and business firms.

18
19 We support federal policies and programs which encourage U.S. investors to invest in
20 America. We oppose programs such as those administered by the U.S. Agency for International
21 Development (USAID), which provides monetary incentives for U.S.-based businesses to
22 relocate in foreign countries.

23
24 We oppose the placing of U.S. troops under the command of the United Nations
25 commanders.

26
27 We encourage reimbursement by any foreign country to the United States for assistance
28 given. Restitution could be monetary or in-kind product equivalency payments.

29
30 We oppose the efforts of the state and federal government to take over any part or branch
31 of county government.

32
33 We believe it should be illegal for non-citizens, foreign companies and/or foreign countries
34 to provide money for candidates for offices in the United States.

35
36 We oppose granting congressional representation to the District of Columbia.

37
38 We support amending the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act so that reasonable
39 tolerances can be established for food production; and that absolute proof must be established
40 that food and additives will not adversely affect animal and human health by its use.

41
42 We oppose the political appointments of “czars” in the White House which often have
43 more political power than secretarial appointments which require more congressional scrutiny
44 and confirmation. We believe such appointments should be sharply curtailed and require
45 additional oversight by Congress.

46
47 We support legislation that Congress cannot receive a salary raise to take effect during their
48 current term of office or change their retirement status to take effect during their current term of
49 office.

50

1 We support retaining the present U.S. Electoral College method of electing the U.S.
2 President and Vice-President.

3
4 We support a re-assessment of all retirement programs for county, state and federal
5 employees and elected officials to assure that they are fair to both the employee and the taxpayer.

6
7 We recommend that government agencies' rules and regulations be more accountable and
8 balanced to the best interests of the people and reviewed regularly to alleviate the negative
9 effects on small businesses.

10
11 We support continuation of the Oklahoma Agricultural Mediation Program (OAMP) and
12 guaranteed timely funding from USDA for the continuation and expansion of services to provide
13 stress relief counseling for producers impacted by weather and economic disasters.

14
15 We support practicing permanent Daylight Savings Time.

16
17 Since America's agricultural infrastructure is a critical part of our national security, we
18 support the secretary of Agriculture serving as a permanent member of the Committee on
19 Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS), where their expertise could be used to screen
20 transactions and educate fellow members of the committee.

21
22
23 **D. STATE**

24
25 If any person filing for political office is holding a current elected state office, that person,
26 upon receiving their party's nomination for the general election, should immediately resign their
27 currently held state office.

28
29 State representatives should be elected for terms of four years.

30 We oppose any move that would encourage consolidation of power, more specifically into
31 the office of the Governor.

32
33 We direct effort be made to help provide rural issues education, preferably including
34 attendance of on-farm field days, for elected state legislators and executive-level state agency
35 personnel.

36
37 We oppose the removal or transfer of inspection on any agriculture practices from the
38 Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry (ODAFF) to any other state agency.

39
40 We support adequate funding for ODAFF, Conservation Commission, Cooperative
41 Extension Service and Agricultural Experiment Station to meet staffing requirements of day to
42 day needs and to utilize these personnel to address catastrophic occurrences. We oppose
43 disproportionate cuts which would adversely impact all natural resource agencies.

44
45 We oppose the Oklahoma Attorney General's circumvention of the proper regulatory
46 agencies relating to the investigation and litigation of potential environmental compliance.

47
48 Prior to filing any lawsuit, the Oklahoma Attorney General shall have the simple majority
49 approval of both the Oklahoma House and Senate.

1 We support the Oklahoma Ethics Commission’s efforts to affect standards of behavior
2 which will result in more public confidence. However, to encourage public service on boards and
3 commissions we recommend that reporting requirements be not overly intrusive.
4

5 We support the removal of the straight party voting option on election ballots in the state of
6 Oklahoma.
7

8 We oppose land use planning and zoning by counties in recognition of the need to preserve
9 agriculture land.
10

11 We encourage ODAFF to serve as an intermediary for producers with export opportunities.
12 The Oklahoma Legislature should be prohibited from diverting funds from various state
13 retirement systems to fund state government, and honor existing obligations.
14

15 We support efficiencies in all state agencies. We object to the state legislature removing
16 money from state agency revolving funds to balance the budget; particularly, from non-
17 appropriated state agencies whose funds are received from entities they regulate, not state tax
18 revenue.
19

20 We oppose a state constitutional convention. Any amendments for the state constitution
21 should be submitted to a vote of the people in the form of a single-issue state question.
22

23 With respect to ballot initiatives, we support a constitutional amendment which would
24 provide fairness to both rural and urban constituencies and require all initiative petition signature
25 drives achieve the requisite percent as prescribed in the constitution—in each of the
26 congressional districts as opposed to statewide—to be deemed as having sufficient signatures to
27 be placed on the ballot for voter consideration.
28

29 We will work to prevent and repeal excessive rules, regulations and legislation which levy
30 rigid requirements in the name of “the public interest,” but that instead, penalize citizens or deny
31 them needed services by such excessive regulations.
32

33 We support the enforcement of state laws concerning the displaying and removal of
34 campaign signs.
35

36 **E. COUNTY**

37

38 County governments should be given a greater role in initiating environmental safeguards
39 and in developing economic opportunities within their counties.
40

41 State and federal funds allocated to support county and municipal governments should not
42 be diverted to other governmental entities or programs.
43

44 We support the elimination of partisan designations for county elected officials.
45

46 When the Oklahoma Legislature mandates additional services or expenditures by the
47 counties, the state must provide funding.
48

49 We oppose the re-evaluation of agricultural land for taxation purposes based on recent sales
50 for non-agricultural purposes (i.e. hunting and recreation).
51

1 Property valuation should not be automatically raised the maximum 5% without due
2 consideration of the specific property before reevaluation.

3
4 We support the present form of county government, with the current structure of eight
5 elected officials per county.

6
7 We oppose any elected state or county position being changed to an appointed position.

8
9 We support legislation requiring proposed salaries for county officers be publicized before
10 being finalized.

11
12 We favor intra-county district cooperative ownership and use of county road equipment.

13
14 We urge that travel expenses for official business of county officers and county
15 commissioners be verified claims rather than paid by a set travel/expense allowance.

16
17 **F. TRIBAL**

18
19 While we acknowledge tribal sovereignty, we encourage tribes and state and local
20 government entities to cooperate on economic development and agriculture issues.

21
22 We support intergovernmental collaboration between local, state, federal and tribal
23 agencies to establish practical air and water quality standards.

24
25 We support the purchase of hunting and fishing licenses by tribal governments from the
26 Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation to issue to tribal members.

27
28 We support tribal governments investing in agricultural enterprises as a sustainable
29 economic endeavor.

30
31
32
33 **COMMISSIONS**

34
35 **A. COMMODITIES COMMISSION**

36
37 We support the commodity commissions, provided that the funds collected by force of law
38 are used for research, promotion, education and policy development, and that their use for
39 political purposes be strictly prohibited.

40
41 We oppose state government taking commodity check-off funds to balance budgets.

42
43 We support check-off programs on all commodities and periodic reporting to those paying
44 for the check-off. We support mandatorily paid and voluntarily refundable check-off programs.

45
46 We require full transparency in any check-off program in regard to how funds are spent.
47 We recommend annual audits of these programs with no redactions allowed.

48
49 We support the collection of royalty fees on the sale of products developed by commodity
50 check-off research dollars.

1 We support the right of referendum by securing signatures of 10 percent of qualified
2 producers of a commodity.

3
4 All referenda should be conducted by mail or electronic media to ensure maximum
5 participation by producers. Only eligible producers of a commodity shall have a vote on who is
6 chosen for the promotion board that oversees collection and spending of funds. The eligible
7 producer who receives the greatest number of producer votes must be seated.

8
9 We support the right of referendum for a district to recall the appointment of the
10 commissioner from that district.

11
12 We urge the commissions to direct greater effort toward removing restrictions or
13 obstructions that unduly f the flow of agriculture commodities into domestic and foreign markets
14 (such as embargoes, sanctions, strikes, grading standards, unreasonable inspection rules, and
15 banning farm chemicals without sufficient cause and inequitable quality standards on imports).

16
17 We oppose the consolidation of commodity commissions and/or any commission being
18 placed under the control of any state agency.

19
20 We support the ability of commodity commissions to develop a trust in which to deposit
21 and utilize commission funds.

22
23 We support exempting all agricultural commodity commissions from the Office of
24 Management and Enterprise Services state purchasing system.

25
26 We favor at least 20 percent of commodity commissions' gross income being used for
27 research in Oklahoma.

28 29 30 **B. SCHOOL LAND COMMISSION**

31
32 Leaseholders of school lands should be notified of a sale or re-lease.

33
34 We support the sale of school land if no more than 5 percent of the school lands in any
35 county are sold within a 12-month period and if all sales of school land are deposited within the
36 trust fund, invested and not made available for use by the Oklahoma Legislature for
37 appropriation purposes. All dividends should be returned to be used for the school children of
38 Oklahoma. In the event more than 5% is sold, we direct the state to protect the funds held and to
39 reserve them to be used for the Oklahoma public school system.

40
41 We support the adjusted division of rent procured from school land leases to offset the ad
42 valorem tax revenue lost by the local school district because such land is not on the tax rolls.
43 Lessees, who have made improvements on state school lands, should be reimbursed the fair
44 market value for those improvements. Adjoining landowners also should be reimbursed for the
45 portion that he or she paid for when the improvement was made, such as for building a fence.

46 47 48 **C. WILDLIFE COMMISSION**

49
50 We support hunter safety education courses take place in a classroom setting with
51 instruction by a qualified instructor.

1
2 We believe licenses or conservation passports be required for activities not related to
3 hunting/fishing on Oklahoma Dept. of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC) land.
4

5 We support legislation to require at least four farmers or ranchers, by occupation, to be
6 members of the Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Commission.
7

8 We oppose the listing of species as an endangered or threatened species without
9 consideration to private property rights and without a study of the economic impact to the
10 citizens of the state of Oklahoma. We additionally oppose the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
11 critical habitat rules for threatened species.
12

13 We support voluntary pro-active cooperative efforts by the private sector landowner to
14 restore potential threatened species by working with groups like the ODWC rather than a federal
15 regulatory approach which could be counterproductive.
16

17 We oppose the ODWC purchasing more land in the State of Oklahoma. We support the
18 ODWC in leasing private land for use as a wildlife public access area.
19

20 We oppose non-native wildlife species introduction in Oklahoma.
21

22 We encourage game rangers to conduct their duties in a professional and courteous manner
23 and to respect the landowner and their property rights.
24

25 Hunting licenses for the State of Oklahoma should have the following requirement printed
26 on the back of the form: "This license can be canceled if the holder violates the present law of
27 hunting or fishing on private property without permission from the owner, landlord or operator.
28 It is hereby understood that the owner of the property is not responsible for any accident or
29 injury sustained by persons entering land with or without permission."
30

31 We recommend that an unlimited number of deer, either sex, be taken in overpopulated
32 areas. Also, we support control of other wildlife species including geese, ducks, cattle egrets,
33 feral hogs, and elk in order to protect farmers' crops, livestock and fences in all Oklahoma
34 counties.
35

36 We support the enforcement of legislation prohibiting the deliberate release of swine to
37 become feral hogs.
38

39 We encourage the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry (ODAFF) to test and
40 track deer and elk harvested for chronic wasting disease.
41

42 We oppose the legalization of the use of dogs in the process of hunting deer.
43
44
45

46 **INVASIVE SPECIES AND DISEASE CONTROL** 47

48 We urge the state of Oklahoma to declare feral hogs an invasive species. We further urge
49 the state of Oklahoma to research, implement and fund a feral hog eradication program.
50

1 We support funding aggressive actions to prevent human, animal and plant diseases from
2 entering the United States. We support effective strategies for dealing with diseases, should these
3 enter the United States.
4

5 We urge immediate action to adequately fund a program to eradicate noxious plants
6 including, but not limited to, all species of mesquite, thistle and cedars from Oklahoma. Such a
7 program should include spraying of rights-of-way by federal, state and county agencies where
8 needed.
9

10 As a general farm organization representing producers with a variety of commodities, we
11 recognize the diversity of views regarding application of certain chemicals. Therefore, we
12 support continued education and responsible use regarding the use of all herbicides and
13 pesticides.
14

15 We encourage record-keeping and on-label usage of all crop enhancement products
16 (chemical applications) as a best management practice.
17

18 We support increased education on the proper use of dicamba and the continued review of
19 regulations by ODAFF.
20

21 We support education efforts by the Oklahoma Cotton Council and Cooperative Extension
22 Service on the proper use of dicamba.
23

24 We encourage cooperation among agriculture stakeholders to provide education and
25 training for best management practices for pesticide storage, handling and application.
26

27 We encourage the Oklahoma Mesonet and/or the Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food &
28 Forestry (ODAFF) be provided funding to create and make available to producers adequate
29 climatic information for the application of herbicides, insecticides and burning.
30

31 We encourage implementation of an approved burn plan when doing prescribed burns and
32 if followed precisely, landowners should be provided some degree of liability protection. We
33 encourage educational programs to inform landowners of the proper way to develop and
34 implement a prescribed burn plan.
35

36 Before an agricultural chemical can be removed from the market, factual evidence must be
37 obtained by the agency with jurisdiction that its use will adversely affect human and animal
38 health or that it is hazardous to the environment and the economic impact be considered when no
39 alternative exists.
40

41 We favor enforcement of the law requiring all harvesting equipment be thoroughly cleaned
42 prior to interstate travel.
43

44 We support the continued use of phostoxin as pest control in grain storage facilities, until a
45 suitable and affordable replacement is provided.
46

47 We urge continued support of the Oklahoma Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory and
48 the Oklahoma State University College of Veterinary Medicine (OSU-CVM).
49

1 Now that Oklahoma is a Brucellosis-free state, efforts must continue to ensure that we
2 remain Brucellosis-free. We encourage the state to encourage producers to continue to vaccinate
3 and to cover the cost of that vaccination.
4

5 We support a joint effort between OSU and ODAFF in requesting additional state and
6 federal funds for the control and eradication of ticks, fire ants, killer bees and parasitic mites in
7 domestic bees in Oklahoma.
8

9 We support the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Agricultural Research Service (USDA-ARS)
10 area-wide research efforts in Oklahoma and across the nation to control imported fire ants, using
11 a combination of treatment methods, including natural predators.
12

13 We urge the Oklahoma Legislature to continue to appropriate monies to provide for the
14 control and/or eradication of crows, blackbirds, skunks, prairie dogs, beavers, coyotes, raccoons,
15 feral hogs and other predatory animals in areas where they have become destructive or a menace
16 to crops and livestock.
17

18 We urge the state and federal government to take more aggressive steps to control feral
19 hogs, including the enforcement and maintenance of feral hog free zones. We oppose the closure
20 of open season on hogs in wildlife management areas (WMAs).
21

22 We support the right of a landowner to use whatever means reasonable to protect any
23 agricultural crop or species of livestock, and/or processed feed, seed or other materials used in
24 the production of an agricultural commodity from depredation, damage or destruction by any
25 nuisance animal species.
26

27 We urge the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to continue to support predator control and
28 limit any restrictive rule that affects the ability of the field men to do their work in predator
29 control.
30

31 Farmers and ranchers should be allowed to control predators or varmints on their land by
32 the most effective, safe and economical means.
33

34 We recommend that any wildlife, or other exotic birds and animals transported to, within,
35 or through the State of Oklahoma, be certified by ODAFF to be free of infectious, contagious
36 and communicable diseases and/or parasites.
37

38 We support prescribed burning liability relief legislation to protect individuals that have
39 been educated and follow the appropriate protocols when conducting a burn.
40

41 We support the state and federal government working with landowners to utilize prescribed
42 burning to reduce the threat of wildfire.
43

44 We support designation of the black vulture as a nuisance species and measures be taken to
45 eliminate this threat to American livestock. We urge Oklahoma's farmers and ranchers to report
46 the use of their five depredation allotments.
47

48 We support the funding of eradication of Eastern Red Cedar on state highway and county
49 road rights-of-way.
50
51

TRANSPORTATION

1
2
3 We support the reauthorization of the federal highway fund and oppose such funding being
4 redirected to non-roads and non-bridges projects.

5
6 We support a new program for public school bus driver training that would properly train
7 applicants, but would not require a full CDL.

8
9 Traffic violations that occur in relation to or near implements of husbandry should be based
10 on a separate and higher fine schedule.

11
12 We support additional funding and staffing for driver's license testing facilities.

13
14 We oppose any legislation that revokes an individual's driver's license as punishment for
15 unrelated violations of the law or encouragement to act on an unrelated endeavor (i.e. obtaining
16 liability insurance).

17
18 County roads and bridges should maintain a high funding priority by the Oklahoma Legislature.
19 We support an increase in the cap on apportionment to the County Improvement for Road and
20 Bridges (CIRB) fund.

21
22 We recommend a standard minimum height of at least 17 feet for new bridges and
23 overpasses across existing highways in the state of Oklahoma.

24
25 We oppose the use of state funds and federal gas tax monies in promoting and assisting in
26 the construction or maintenance of toll roads.

27
28 The Oklahoma Dept. of Transportation (ODOT) should pay for repairing county roads used
29 for detours when building or repairing state highways.

30
31 Access roads around lakes that have been built by the state should be maintained by the
32 state and not by the counties.

33
34 We support new bridges being built on the original right-of-way and not off-set.

35
36 We support ODOT being responsible for maintaining their fences along limited access
37 highways.

38
39 We encourage ODOT to work with property owners to find common-sense solutions when
40 disputes arise over highway signage regulations.

41
42 We favor a law requiring all road intersections and rights-of-way be cleared of weeds and
43 brush to prevent accidents. We support the baling of rights-of-way with preference to adjacent
44 operators.

45
46 The Oklahoma Legislature and Governor should do everything possible to maintain
47 railroad services and all existing transportation facilities in all of Oklahoma.

48
49 We support legislation that would provide for adequate rail competition and oppose rate
50 increases by railroads for agricultural products.

1 We support full-contract rate disclosure, including all pertinent contract provisions.

2
3 We support the state assisting in railroad right-of-way purchases and maintenance for rail
4 services and the enhancement, expansion and continuation of short lines for the continued
5 viability of the state economy.

6
7 We oppose state or federal regulation regarding the transportation of hazardous materials
8 by farmers who do so in the course of their own farming operation.

9
10 We support an agriculture exemption from federal and state regulations regarding
11 displaying of Dept. of Transportation (DOT) numbers.

12
13 We support the Oklahoma Highway Patrol (OHP) in their efforts to educate farmers and
14 ranchers on current Federal Commercial Motor Carrier Safety Administration requirements.

15
16 We support variances for natural disasters in “hours of service” regulations for drivers with
17 CDLs with respect to restoring emergency services.

18
19 We support maintaining hours-of-service exemptions for livestock transportation.

20
21 In order to continue receiving federal transportation funds, permits for hauling loads of hay
22 should be free and easily obtainable, since the federal government requires the State of
23 Oklahoma to issue such permits for use on federal roads.

24
25 We oppose federal requirements to install lighting on farm equipment that was not
26 originally equipped with such devices.

27
28 We encourage the voluntary effort of producers to put reflective tape and slow-moving
29 vehicles symbols on farm tractors and equipment.

30
31 We encourage designating one central agency for issuing permits and enforcement of truck
32 weights and measures.

33
34 We support reasonable reform of federal and state transportation laws regarding increasing
35 weights and measures when transporting farm commodities and equipment.

36
37 We support counties receiving a portion of the revenue derived from fines levied at ODOT
38 weigh stations located within that county.

39
40 We encourage Oklahoma adopting the 1991 Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
41 (FMCSA) ag-restricted CDL rule (Part 383.3) to ease labor issues related to time-sensitive and
42 seasonal harvesting, and we support any other reduction in driving restrictions in the
43 transportation of agricultural commodities.

44
45 We oppose additional fees or extensive class time related to CDL license procurement for
46 ag-restricted CDLs.

47
48 We support continued improvements to the driver licensing system to encourage shorter
49 delays and greater efficiency for CDL license renewals.

50

1 We support legislation allowing 14-16-year-olds to operate motor vehicles during activities
2 related to farming and ranching, with all relevant safety precautions considered.
3
4

6 SAFETY

7
8 We encourage additional funding allocations for volunteer fire departments to build
9 adequate local firefighting capacity for training, recruitment and retention of volunteers. We
10 oppose insurance companies/agents being the source point of collections for fire department
11 dues.
12

13 We support county officials' authority to declare a burn ban during times of high fire risks
14 and support the enforcement thereof.
15

16 We support public funding and installation of dry fire hydrants.
17

18 We support education and training efforts related to farm operations, grain storage, farm
19 machinery and all-terrain vehicle (ATV) safety.
20

21 We support a statewide coordinated communications network system and an enhanced 9-1-
22 1 system which would improve the efficiency of ambulance and emergency medical services in
23 rural areas.
24

25 We urge the state not to over-regulate rural fire departments.
26

27 We support special protection and precaution for firemen and first responders fighting fires
28 at medical marijuana facilities.
29

32 CRIME

33
34 We support victims' rights be strongly protected by law at the local, state or federal level.
35

36 We support the efforts of the Oklahoma Bureau of Narcotics (OBN), both in the control of
37 illegal drug transportation and use and the prevention of human trafficking. We support adequate
38 funding for OBN and similar organizations.
39

40 We support adequate state funding of the criminal justice and incarceration system.
41

42 We favor expediting the appeal process of convicted criminals.
43

44 We recommend severe penalties and strict enforcement of laws governing all drivers,
45 including juveniles under the influence of alcohol and drugs. We also recommend mandatory
46 incarceration of transporters of illegal drugs, pending trial.
47

48 We support changes in the juvenile justice system to provide adequate juvenile detention
49 facilities with adequate counseling and rehabilitation programs.
50

1 We support peaceful communities and the right to peacefully assemble. Those that breach
2 legal standards should be appropriately punished.

3
4 We call for greater emphasis on controlling alcohol and drug use.

5
6 School officials and law enforcement officers in schools must be given adequate latitude to
7 address disciplinary problems in schools.

8
9 We encourage random drug testing of anyone responsible for the safety of others and
10 support the crack-down on any abusive use of drugs, illegal or prescription.

11
12 We encourage adequate funds be appropriated for the treatment and incarceration of drug
13 users.

14
15 We support the county's option to regulate the sale of liquor.

16
17 We support the Amber and Silver Alert system.

18
19 We support the establishment of a rural crime unit. We prefer that such a unit be under the
20 jurisdiction of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation (OSBI) in cooperation with the
21 Oklahoma Dept. of Agriculture, Food & Forestry (ODAFF) where applicable.

22
23 We oppose attempts to consolidate civilian surveillance and intelligence, such as the OSBI
24 and the FBI, under military control.

25
26 We support the action of local, state and federal departments and agencies to combat
27 terrorism, including any agrarian-related terrorism attack.

28
29 Due to the threat posed by terrorists to the security and welfare of the United States, we
30 support the actions taken through the Dept. of Homeland Security to require foreign students in
31 the U.S. on student visas to show proof of enrollment and academic participation.

32
33 We support increasing penalties for acts of agricultural terrorism.

34
35 We urge support for local, state and federal law enforcement agencies.

36
37 We support additional efforts to protect our federal borders from the growing and/or import
38 of illegal drugs and potential terrorist activity.

39
40 We support the use of trained dogs for drug detection.

41
42 We recommend that current laws be rewritten and strengthened concerning child abuse and
43 sexual crimes against children so that children will be better protected. We favor providing law
44 enforcement agencies with the resources needed to apprehend, prosecute and monitor sex
45 offenders. We support the use of Megan's Law provisions to make sex offender registries
46 available to the general public.

47
48 Parents and minors should be held legally and financially responsible for all costs and
49 damages incurred by a minor's criminal activities.

50
51 We support the funding of truancy officers in an effort to increase school attendance.

1
2 We urge our members to join and/or organize their communities into neighborhood watch-
3 type programs and cooperate with local law enforcement agencies for identification of all
4 personal property.

5
6 After an accident involving property damage to fences, buildings or equipment, the
7 investigating law enforcement officer(s) should be required to notify landowners or tenants of
8 such damage immediately after it occurs.

9
10 The DOC should pay the county jails of Oklahoma at a rate commensurate with state
11 incarceration costs for state offenders after judicial sentences are imposed.

12
13 We recommend uniform and prompt sentencing for the same type of offenses and
14 mandatory minimum sentences be provided by law for repeat offenders.

15
16 Hardened criminals should be segregated from first-time offenders and efforts should be
17 made to rehabilitate first-time offenders.

18
19 We support legislation that would limit early release of prison inmates to those convicted
20 of non-violent crimes only.

21
22 We favor work programs whereby inmate labor would be used to maintain and improve
23 public facilities, such as roads, bridges, parks, buildings and other such public property.

24
25 More consideration should be given to restitution, rather than confinement, when the risk to
26 the public is minimal.

27
28 We encourage use of electronic monitoring, rather than incarceration, for non-violent
29 offenders.

30
31 More emphasis should be placed on the supervision of parolees.

32
33 A jail meeting standards when built should not be in violation when new regulations or
34 standards are issued, unless the total cost of updating is provided by the state or federal
35 government.

36
37 To help alleviate the ever-increasing tax burden on rural residents, we support a concept of
38 regional, centrally-located jails, funded by the state, to serve multiple cities, towns and counties,
39 but only when these entities and the voters wish to participate jointly.

40
41 We support adequate funding for multiple-county rural crime task forces.

42
43 We support action to prevent or minimize frivolous lawsuits.

44
45 We oppose the unreasonable limitation of gun ownership and Second Amendment rights of
46 law-abiding citizens.

47
48 We support protecting oneself and family with necessary force, particularly when a
49 perpetrator intrudes upon your property.

50

1 We favor a rehabilitation center for minor juvenile offenders and an alternative school
2 environment for repeat offenders who constantly disrupt the classroom and cause problems.

3
4 We support coordination of local, state and federal governments in prosecution of crimes
5 committed with electronic media.

6
7 We support adequate funding for ODAFF for investigating theft of livestock and other
8 agriculture commodities, products, and increased penalties for perpetrators.

9
10 We oppose the option of cashless bail prior to arraignments.

11 12 13 14 15 **MARIJUANA**

16
17 As the medical marijuana industry has become a new member of our rural Oklahoma
18 communities, we suggest the following policies be enacted to reduce avoidable conflicts:

19
20 We support requiring marijuana grow operations visibly post at the point of entry of their
21 grow site(s) the name of the owner or operator, contact telephone number, email and license
22 number (similar to signage required on oil and gas sites).

23
24 We support requiring a pre-licensing inspection for medical marijuana grow operations.
25 We also support increasing the frequency of post-licensing inspections to once per quarter. We
26 support increasing the number of medical marijuana inspectors and investigators.

27
28 We oppose the medical marijuana industry's zero-tolerance chemical drift policy. We
29 support legislation that prohibits criminal or civil liability caused by chemical spray plume drift
30 upon marijuana plants unless the marijuana grow operation is: 1) indoors as defined by OMMA
31 and 2) has installed an adequate ventilation system that protects against drift chemical damage.

32
33 We support a two-year waiting period on all new Oklahoma residents before they are
34 eligible for a medical marijuana grower license, similar to in-state tuition, hunting licenses, etc.
35 All members of any partnership, corporation or LLC would be subject to the requirement. We
36 support prohibiting the issuing of a medical marijuana license for any person convicted of a
37 felony, whether they are applying as an individual or as part of a partnership, corporation or
38 LLC.

39
40 We support limiting the number of permits an individual, partnership, corporation or LLC
41 can hold.

42
43 We support requiring proof of a commercial general liability insurance policy for all
44 applications for a medical marijuana grow license.

45
46 We encourage the continuation of a \$50,000 or higher bond required by medical
47 marijuana grow facilities. We further encourage the establishment of an OERB-style remediation
48 program for the medical marijuana industry.

1 We support increasing the medical marijuana license fee for both OMMA and OBN
2 licensing to a competitive rate based upon the needs of the regulatory agency. We would support
3 a tiered system dependent on the type and size of grow operation.
4

5 We oppose legalizing the recreational use of marijuana.
6

7 In the event recreational marijuana is made legal within the state of Oklahoma, we
8 support current regulations for growing and distributing medical marijuana apply to a
9 recreational marijuana industry.
10

11 In relation to medical marijuana operations, we support legislation restricting investment,
12 ownership or leasing of land and natural resources by foreign individuals or entities that could
13 jeopardize national security.
14

15 We encourage the banning or regulation of products containing synthetically-altered CBD,
16 (i.e. Delta 8).
17
18
19

20 **FAMILY LIFE AND SOCIAL ISSUES**

21
22 We oppose any changes to our national anthem or Pledge of Allegiance.
23

24 We urge active involvement in the effort to preserve the fundamental moral values of our
25 society and uphold the Biblical principles upon which our nation was founded.
26

27 We support the traditional family structure and believe that marriage is comprised of one
28 man and one woman.
29

30 We support the 1965 Civil Rights Act and the additional legislation that prohibits
31 discrimination against any person on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin,
32 sex/gender, age, disability or veteran status.
33

34 We encourage development of local and regional food systems within the state of
35 Oklahoma, including the formation of distribution cooperatives and tribal partnerships using
36 USDA grant dollars designated for local and regional food systems.
37

38 We support programs promoting Christian life. We oppose programs or practices
39 promoting Satanism or witchcraft, and the recognition of such as valid religions.
40

41 We support the groups that are currently fighting to stop the spread of pornography and
42 sales of pornographic materials in our state, along with stronger penalties for violators.
43

44 We strongly oppose television programming, electronic games and Internet sites not suited
45 for full-family viewing.
46

47 We oppose Federal Communication Commission (FCC) rulings that liberalize the use of
48 offensive, explicit or profane language and gestures on network television.
49

50 We believe the gender assigned on your birth certificate by a medical professional at the
51 time of birth should not be amendable. We believe only male or female may be assigned.

1 We support continuation of the Oklahoma Agricultural Mediation Program (OAMP) and
2 guaranteed timely funding from USDA for the continuation and expansion of services to provide
3 stress relief counseling for producers impacted by weather and economic disasters.
4

7 DEFINITIONS

9 A. HISTORICAL PARITY DEFINED:

10 Congress has, by law, defined “fair” as the economic relationship that existed between
11 prices received by farmers and their production costs, including family living expenses, during
12 the five-year period 1910-1914.
13

14 The prices received by farmers are said to be at “100 percent of parity” (or “fairness”)
15 when they have the same relationship to production and living expenses as they did during that
16 period. The parity formula is kept up-to-date continuously, by:
17

- 18 (1) revising the list of services and items purchased by farmers for production and family
19 living to reflect today’s technology; and
- 20 (2) by adjusting the parity prices for each farm commodity to take into account the 10-year
21 moving average of changes that occur in the relationship to each other by the actual market
22 prices received by farmers for the respective commodities.
23

24 B. FAMILY FARM DEFINED:

25 Characteristically, a family farm is owned and operated by a farm family, with the family
26 providing the base of the labor needed for the farming operation, assuming the economic risk,
27 making most of the management decisions and depending on farming and/or ranching for a
28 significant portion of their living.
29
30
31